The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial.

Gen. Averill's Recent Victory in Western Virginia.

We have been furnished the following letter from a young officer to a relative in this city, which gives a faithful narrative of the late victory of Gen. Averill over the rebels in the valley of West Virginia. There are six companies from this city in Gen. Averill's command, which have been in service upwards of two years and have done some hard duty. The letter will be read with interest:

CAMP NEAR NEW CREEK, W. VA.,
Nov. 25th, 1863.

DEAR AUNT—We have been here a week, and I have been so busy making out company papers and making myself comfortable generally, that I really had not time to write a long letter sooner. We had for a month previous to the 1st of November, been getting our brigade in the lightest possible marching order, and every officer and enlisted man was ordered to keep one shirt, two pair of socks, a piece of soap, and a towel. Also, each officer a tin cup and a frying pan, all the rest of our baggage was sent to the railroad. We had been getting ready so long that we had began to think that we were not going to go, but on the 1st of November we started; we went to Hultonville the first day, crossed Cheat Mountain to Green Briar river the second day, on the third our advance run into a company of rebels, they wounded one and captured three prisoners and burnt their camp and winter quarters. We camped six miles from Huntersville at night. We arrived at the above mentioned town about noon on the fourth.

Our brigade here divided, the 2d and 8th going to Marlin's Bottom, where we heard that *Mudwall Jackson* was encamped with nine hundred men, the rest of the brigade went to Cackleytown, with the expectation of cutting him off. When we arrived at Marlin Bottom we found that Jackson had started for Cackleytown in the morning, so we camped for the night. On the 5th we arrived at Cackleytown about 9 o'clock a. m., and found the 3d Virginia and 14th Pennsylvania skirmishing with the rebels; we formed a line of battle and drove the rebels two miles to Hillsborough, and then went into camp. The next morning (the 6th) as soon as we could see we found that the enemy had fell back two miles to Droop Mountain, and had taken a remarkably strong position commanding the road. Ascending the mountain, which demands a passing notice, by the way (the mountain) as it was ours, the 2d Virginia's first victory. Droop Mountain is situated in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, about eighty miles from Beverly, on a level or a slightly rolling ground, and cleared; it is about two thousand feet high and it appears almost perpendicular, except where the road runs around it. It is heavily wooded. The rebels from the summit could see every movement we made, and could count our forces to a man, while we could not see a manouvre of theirs. We tried to get a position for our batteries (of which we had two) but the rebels would drive us back every time. The plan of attack was then altered, the 28th Ohio and 10th Virginia infantry were ordered to make a detour of six miles and attack them on their left flank. About eleven a. m., they found the enemy, and for two hours fought them, but it seems they were too strong, and could not be driven far. The order then came for the 2d, 3d and 8th Virginia to dismount and attack them in the front and center. The order of battle was, the 3d on the right, the 8th on the left, and the 2d in the center to act as a reserve. We had no sooner showed ourselves, than the rebels opened on us with shell, the first one wounded one of our regiment and mortally scared two hundred, they kept shelling us until we gained the woods at the foot of the mountain, but without doing any more damage. When we were within six hundred yards of the summit they opened on us with musketry as we were crossing a clear place, but not hitting any body. We were ordered to halt, and skirmishers were sent out but came back very soon and reported the rebels in force behind breastworks built of logs and rails. I for the first time began to think affairs were serious, as we thought the whole rebel force was engaged on our right, and we began to think that Jackson had been reinforced. We could not see our forces on our right but could hear them hammering away as hard as ever, but the firing did not seem to advance or recede. We still kept advancing up the mountain slowly, with light skirmishing all the time. When within a hundred and fifty yards of the rebels we were ordered to lay down and rest; we had scarcely heard the order when another came from the General commanding, that we must drive them off the Point; up we went. A few scattering shots were all that greeted us until we arrived within about fifteen feet from the breastworks, when the rebels rose up and delivered a volley that I can almost imagine I hear yet. Four men of our company fell dead within as many feet of me. We never stopped to see who they were, but dashed up to the breastworks, and a hand-to-hand conflict of about thirty seconds ensued, when the rebels abandoned them. We lost but ten men, but the rebels lost severely. I counted eleven dead ones beside numerous wounded in a space twenty feet by ten. The enemy reserved their fire until we were so close (hoping to annihilate us in one volley) that before they could reload we were among them. Our men reserved their fire until we gained the breastworks. But our triumph was short-lived. All our regiment had not got up when the rebels were reinforced by Derrick's battalion, (600 strong,) and they charged on us, and we broke and ran down the hill. I never thought our men would rally; but they did, and as soon as they could load their guns we gave a cheer, and went up the mountain. Nothing could stop the impetuosity of our charge, and the rebels threw their arms away and never stopped until they were in the rear of their reserves and artillery. Now commenced a regular bush fight for two hours, we driving them slowly but surely for very near a mile. We at last got them in the open ground, and drove them to the rear of their artillery, when they opened on us, at the distance of two hundred yards, a perfect shower of shell and cannister. They were afraid to show their guns on our side of the hill, consequently they overshot us. In fact, I did not hear of one of our men getting hit. They soon withdrew their artillery from the front, and made the last rally with their infantry. The battle flag of the 22d Virginia (rebel) was twice shot down, and the holder either killed or wounded, when the Major grasped it. He held it about a minute, when he fell, mortally wounded. Capt. Barclay called for us to charge for the last time. We gave a cheer, and away we went. The rebels broke and ran, throwing everything away in their flight. We followed them to the road, and were there ordered to halt and rest, as the victory was won. In about half an hour the 28th and 10th formed a junction with us. Our horses were sent for, but an hour elapsed before they arrived. We followed the rebels on the Lewisburg pike six miles, and then camped. Our loss was one hundred, thirty-four of whom were killed. The enemy lost one hundred killed, about two hundred wounded, and very near as many prisoners. We took three pieces of artillery, four wagons and two ambulances, and they destroyed six loaded with commissary stores. We also captured all their camp equippage and their supper, which was just ready to eat. It was very acceptable, as we had not eaten anything since 4 a. m. Their loss in officers was unusually heavy. Three Majors were left on the field, one killed and two mortally wounded. The loss in our regiment was nine killed and fourteen wounded. In our company, four killed and one wounded.

The forces were very near equal. On our side, Averill's brigade, consisting of the 14th Pennsylvania cavalry, 2d, 3d and 8th Virginia mounted infantry, Gibson's battalion and the 28th Ohio and 10th Virginia infantry. The 14th and Gibson's battalion were not in the action, being held in reserve. In all about three thousand men. The rebels were the celebrated First brigade and Mudwall Jackson's men, amounting in all to about the same number as ours, under the command of Gen. Echols, of the celebrated Stonewall brigade. It was the first time they were ever defeated, and they think they received enough to last them during the war. Their position, they thought, was impregnable, and Col. Patten, of the 22d, rode around the defences, in the morning, and told the General that he could, with his own regiment, whip Averill's brigade.

There had been an arrangement made [illegible] Gen. Duffie would come up from the Kanawha and make a junction with us at Lewisburg. We [illegible] thought that he would cut the retreating rebels off, but he just got there three hours after they passed, though he burnt their camp and captured thirty head of cattle, and then waited until we came up. We did not arrive until six hours after, so the rebels got too big a start of us. We started for Covington the next day, and arrived within five miles of it, when we intercepted a courier from Gen. Lee, stating that he would have reinforcements there, and for him to fall back. We, on receipt of this intelligence, took the road to Warm Springs, and captured twenty or thirty of Imboden's men, burnt his camp and a lot of forage and new winter quarters built of logs for his whole command. We arrived at Petersburg, forty miles from the railroad, on the 13th, without anything worth mentioning; rested there for two days, and on the 17th arrived here. We also captured about eight hundred head of beef cattle, six hundred horses, and fed and destroyed about one hundred thousand bushels of oats and corn and a large quantity of hay. I don't think the rebs in West Virginia will forget the raid for some time. We had a first rate time of it, although we had frosts every night, and it snowed on us two days on the mountain and rained three. The rebels seemed to have plenty to eat, as far as the necessaries of life are concerned, but have none of the luxuries; coffee is among them a thing of the past, not of the present. The authorities take every means to get conscripts. No persons but the families of soldiers are allowed to purchase cotton goods. One woman told me that her husband eluded the conscripting officers for six months by hiding in the mountains, but he finally had to give himself up, as they would not allow any of the mills to grind her corn or sell her any that was ground; and when you recollect that it is almost the only article of food in that country, it was a pretty hard sentence. We are living in shelters made of rails and covered with gum blankets, and with the thermometer below the freezing point it is anything but comfortable. We are going to make another raid some place in about ten days, and if I don't get shot or froze to death you may expect to hear from me then or a short time after.

I remain, as ever, your affectionate nephew, F.

ADVANCE OF THE POTOMAC ARMY.

THE DECISIVE BATTLE COMMENCED.

The Enemy's Attack on our Right.

Gen. French has taken 900 Prisoners.

Loss 1,000 or 1,500 Killed and Wounded.

THE ENEMY SAID TO BE RETREATING

&c., &c., &c., &c.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 29.

The Siege of Knoxville Raised.

The siege of Knoxville has been raised, and Longstreet is making his way south to effect a junction with Bragg at Dalton. He will probably fail, as the track has been destroyed both sides of Cleveland by Grant's cavalry. Burnside is harassing their retreat.

Affairs at Chattanooga.

A dispatch dated Chattanooga, dated 28th inst., says Gen. Hooker's advance yesterday arrived at Lookout mountain with Geary's division on the right and Osterhaus on the left, while Gen. Whittaker's brigade formed the centre. The battle opened on the base of Wauhatchie mountain. We drove the rebels from the whole slope clear round the mountain, where Thomas' forces formed in line of battle. The battle was almost a bloodless one, the rebels throwing down their arms and running or surrendering. We captured from 1,500 to 2,000 prisoners, with the loss of from 175 to 250, chiefly in Geary's command. The battle was a huge skirmish and lasted from eight to five p. m., when we held the mountain. The 65th Ohio and 3d Missouri took four pieces of artillery. The 5th Ohio suffered but little in the engagement. The 9th Indiana suffered most in wounded.

Gen. Thomas' Corps made no movement on Thursday, but Gen. Sherman's left engaged the rebels, with but little opposition from the upper end of Mission Ridge. Our forces slept on their arms all night. This morning Gen. Sherman attacked the second line of hills, with Ewing's, J. E. Smith's and M. L. Smith's divisions. The fighting was desperate. The 12th, 48th, 99th and 100th Indiana, 40th, 37th and 46th Ohio, 26th, 40th, 90th, 93d and 103d Illinois, 6th Iowa and 4th Virginia participated, and lost many in wounded.

The cannonading was furious, and our men fought like heroes. About 12 o'clock Hooker crossed the valley from the mountain and attacked and drove the enemy from the lower end of Mission Ridge, when Sherman's and Woods' divisions charged upon and drove the enemy off, and united their forces with Hooker. The contest for the possession of the Ridge in the centre was short. No regiments faltered.

The Illinois regiment and the 41st, 93d and 125th Ohio were among the first on the ridge. Hawkins' brigade, in which the 125th was, planted first flag there. A full battery of artillery was captured, and thousands of prisoners. It is one of the most brilliant achievements of the war. Hooker fought Stevenson and his men, who were captured at Vicksburg, but it is said not exchanged. Thomas' corps fought Breckenridge's forces. While Sherman is still pushing Cheatham's and Wyndham's divisions, as I am informed by prisoners.

Our losses in the three days operations, are put at 3,700, killed and wounded. The rebels loss, 3,000 killed and wounded, and 7,000 prisoners, 62 pieces of artillery, &c.

Steamer Burned.

The steamer Tecumseh with a cargo of cotton, was burned at Port Hudson last week, 3,000 bales of cotton were burned.

Escape of Rebel Prisoners from the Penitentiary.

The officers who escaped with Morgan, from the Ohio Penitentiary, were Capts. Bennett. Taylor, Sheldon, Haines, Hockersmith and Mayer. Since their reception at the penitentiary, Morgan prisoners have been assigned to the south tier cells, in the new addition to the east wing, that institution has underneath these cells about 16 or 18 inches of brick, mortar and cement intervening. This air chamber was some six feet in length and four feet in width, extending the entire length of the range for the purpose of keeping the cells in a dry and comfortable condition.

How They Effected Their Escape.

It is said one day, while in a lively mood, Haines was dancing about his cell, and from the character of the sounds caused thereby, he concluded there was a vacant space underneath the floor. On the 4th of November they commenced digging through the floors of their cells, using for that purpose two table knives. After establishing communication with the air chamber they excavated with a small coal shovel a tunnel from the east end of the chamber passing under the walls of the prison to the guard outside, to escape from which there would be but little difficulty. The men were engaged but three hours each day of the seventeen days in this work, as will be seen by the following note:

Castle Merion, Cell No. 20.—Commence work November 4th, 1863, conclusion, November 20th, 1863. Number of hours of labor per day, three. Tools, two table knives. "La patience est arriere mais sou, fruit est doux." By order of my six honorable confederates.

HENRY HINES, Capt. C. A.

After manufacturing a ladder out of bed ticking, which was torn up for that purpose, all was in readiness for the men to take their departure.

It was part of their plan that Dick Morgan should remain behind, while John made his escape. To accomplish which, was almost as difficult as what they had already done. John occupied the cell in the second range, and in order to carry out the scheme, it was necessary for him to exchange quarters with Richard. This was not done until yesterday afternoon, when there was a convenient opportunity, as prisoners were being locked in their cells for the night. Instead of going to his own cell, Morgan stepped into his brother's, unobserved by the guard, while Richard was equally successful in taking one on the second range, and, although the guard while on his usual rounds stopped before the door and inquired if General John Morgan was there, to which Richard responded by showing his foot. The trick was not discovered until the birds had flown. It is not known at what hour in the night Morgan and his six men above named escaped, nor have the authorities any clue to which direction they took after leaving the prison. Their bed-tick and ladder was found suspended from the top of the walls, which they reached by climbing up the gateway close at hand. The authorities are making the most active exertions to capture the fugitives, but only faint hopes are being entertained of so doing.

IMPORTANT FROM CHATTANOOGA AND MEADE'S ARMY.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30, 1863.

News just received from Chattanooga states that Longstreet is completely hemmed in.

Another report is that Meade has captured two entire corps of Lee's army, who is in full retreat on Richmond.

Our forces are moving from Yorktown to cut off communications with Richmond. J.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The *Tribune's* correspondent reports that he left the Army of the Potomac at noon of Saturday, when it was advancing. He heard firing and cannonading till after nightfall from the direction of our left and centre.

Some of Moseby's men were captured on Saturday, including a lieutenant.

The guerrillas captured one of our officers and four privates on Sunday near Bretsville.

The account says: On Friday a deserter came into our lines and asserted that Lee held the line of the Rapidan last night, but fell rapidly back this (Friday) morning to his present position in our front, a distance of about sixteen miles. He also asserts that the rebels had not used any of their artillery in response to our assault, but were running it to the rear for the purpose, as he supposed, of getting a better position.

Gen. Meade entirely deceived the enemy as to the point of crossing.

It is reported that Lee had his entire army in line of battle all day on Thursday, fronting on Morton's Ford, supposing we were to cross there. He thus abandoned a long line of most formidable earthworks on the south and southwest banks of the river.

On Saturday, at day-break, Gen. Meade advanced to the front. Picket firing soon commenced, and continued at intervals until noon.

The enemy had fallen back some two miles, and the impression prevails that he is retreating.

Our line of battle now must extend about nine miles in the form of a triangle. The whole army is ready and impatient. Large numbers of prisoners continue to come in this morning.

The *World's* correspondent under date of Nov. 27th, says:—Late in the afternoon it was evident from what could be observed at the front, that the enemy was making a demonstration on our right.

Heavy firing was heard, but as we had no communication so it was impossible to get any particulars. It was ascertained, however, that the enemy made a most determined attempt to turn our right wing, and that Gen. French had repulsed them and taken 900 prisoners. Gen. French is reported to have lost heavily; it is said from 1,000 to 1,500 were killed and wounded.

A thick fog and rain set in.

We have advanced our line to the front, but up to noon nothing more than skirmish firing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—A refugee from Richmond recently arrived within our lines and is now confined in Carroll prison here. He furnishes the following estimate of the present force of Lee's army: Ewell's corps is now commanded by Early, and numbers from 20,000 to 21,000 infantry, and six batteries of artillery. A. P. Hill's corps numbers 20,000 infantry and five batteries of artillery, and Stuart has about 8,000 cavalry and two batteries of flying artillery, making in all, 41,000 infantry, 8,000 cavalry, and seventy-eight cannon, provided the batteries are all complete.

He also confirms the death of the rebel Gen. Posey, and a statement that Ewell retired to Charlottesville on account of ill health.

The *Times* has the following dispatch: The railroad between the Rapidan and Rappahannock has been destroyed by our forces, and the iron sent to Alexandria.

Army of the Potomac, Nov. 28, 10 P. M.—The enemy have, apparently, fallen back. There is some skirmishing, but no cannonading.

The same correspondent says that on Saturday morning our whole army was in position and ready for work. Everybody seems to be in good spirits. The country hereabouts is one of the worst conceivable for field operations.

It is a wilderness of small growth wood over nine-tenths of the whole surface of the country. So dense are these that it is impossible to penetrate them except where paths are cut. By some mistake, the Third Corps did not get into position as soon as expected, which gave the enemy, temporarily, some advantage. The 3d, however, promptly met the emergency, and captured between 700 and 900 of the enemy. Some 300 prisoners were taken at other parts of the line.

Probable General Engagement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—A messenger from the army thinks that a general engagement could not have been delayed much beyond yesterday, and on the whole he is quite confident that the rapid and heavy firing which he heard till nightfall on his way up was the result of a general engagement. It was too heavy and continuous for skirmishing. The rebel lines stretch just in front of Orange Court House, but the disposition of our various corps is spoken of as excellent, and calculated to make the enemy fight yesterday or retreat beyond Orange Court House.

The *Herald* has the following dispatch:

Rappahannock Station, Nov. 29, 9:15 P. M.—It is understood that Gen. Meade, in his present movements, is left to exercise his own discretion, and he has declared it to be his purpose to strike at the most vital point in the Southern Confederacy, wherever in his judgment that may be. His supply of rations and forage will not be exhausted until after the 10th of December, and before that time he can make a heavy reconnoissance, most damaging in its consequences upon the enemy. Since Gen. Meade has the supplies of his army with his command, there is no apprehension of danger from flank movements to cut off his usual base of supplies.

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Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil Retorts and Stills, Gas and Water Pipes, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Steel Moulds, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings.
☞ Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings of every description made to order.
☞ Having a complete MACHINE SHOP attached to the Foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se7

FULTON FOUNDRY,
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Warehouse: No. 141 Wood street.
JOSEPH PENNOCK,
PROPRIETOR.
ROBERT C. TOTTEN,
Superintendent at Foundry.
MANUFACTURES
Nail Machines, Rolls, Squeezers and Rolling-mill Castings generally.
GAS AND WATER PIPES.
Gas Retorts and Oil Stills; Hot Blast and Superheating Pipes; Sugar Kettles,
House Fronts and Window Heads.
ROLLS TURNED,
and all fitting done to order.
A large assortment of Rolling-mill Pattern on hand, purchased from "Fort Pitt Foundry."
se24

S. S. FOWLER & CO.,
IRON FOUNDERS
AND MILL FINISHERS.
AND MANUFADTURERS OF
SOLID HUB CAR WHEELS,
39 WATER street,
se17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

IRON CITY FORGE,
KLOMAN & PHIPPS,
Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.
Manufacture Bar Iron, General Railway and Steamboat Forgings, Passenger, Freight and Locomotive Axles, &c., &c.
ANDREW KLOMAN, HENRY PHIPPS, Jr., } General Partners.
THOS. N. MILLER, Special Partner. [se30:tf

WM. G. PRICE,
BERLIN FOUNDRY,
COR. PENNA. AVENUE & PRICE ST.
Manufacturer of all sizes and descriptions of castings for OIL REFINERIES, Glass and Gas Works, Wagon Boxes, Dog Irons, Grate Bars, Fire Fronts, Sash and Clock Weights, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings. All kinds of castings for AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Also, castings of all kinds for PLUMBERS and GAS FITTERS. Also, JOBBING and MACHINE CASTINGS, light or heavy, made to order.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,
(Successors to J. Seibert.)
PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERERS,
No. 160 THIRD street,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers and dealers in Curtains, Cornice, Bands, Shades and Blinds, Mattresses, Comforts, Cushions, &c.
Particular attention paid to Steamboat work.
Carpets fitted and laid to order. se11:6m

E. EDMUNDSON.......W. R. BATEMAN.
E. EDMUNDSON & CO.
UPHOLSTERERS,
Nos. 96 & 98 Third Street, near Wood,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufactue and keep on hand every article in their line, viz:
CURTAIN GOODS, ORNAMENTS,
FRINGES, TASSELS & CORDS,
COMFORTS & BEDS,
PATENT SPIRAL SPRING, HAIR, COTTON, HUSK AND STRAW MATRESSES, &C.
ALSO, DEALER IN
WALL PAPERS,
Fire board Prints, Window Shades, &c., &c. se7

PLUMBING.

J. G. WELDON......JOHN KELLY.
WELDON & KELLY,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
PLUMBERS
AND
BRASS FOUNDERS,
164 WOOD STREET, NEAR SIXTH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. se7

S. A. VETTER,
HORSE SHOER,
Cherry alley, near Liberty street,
oc1&1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE OF THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
Odd Fellows Building, Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se7 [illegible], Agent.

RESTAURANTS.

ELI YOUNG'S
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
Nos. 129 & 131 SMITHFIELD street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. sep7:1y

MILITARY EXCHANGE,
No. 48 Market Street,
LOUIS HAGER, Proprietor.
The very best of Shell and Can Oysters served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the Season.
☞ LUNCH EVERY MORNING. oc8-1y

FRED. WEIS',
CORNUCOPIA,
No. 8 Corner Fifth and Union streets.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. OYSTERS sold retail or wholesale. oc26:3m

GEORGE GERBER'S RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON, has been removed from the old stand, South corner of the Diamond, Allegheny, to the corner of Gay and Pitt alleys, where he is prepared to furnish meals of all kinds, served up in the best manner. His Bar is also supplied with the best brands of ALES, WINES and LIQUORS.
no12:1m

PETER KALTENBORN'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 238 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
The best of WINES, ALES and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand.
FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which I am prepared to serve up in every style.
no25-6m

C. R. LEONHAUSER & J. J. ROEMER, the latter formerly of Eli Young's Exchange, have just opened a
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
at No. 130 SMITHFIELD st., near Virgin alley, where they will keep always on hand fresh Shell, Bucket and Can OYSTERS, and will serve up all the delicacies of the season. Prices 20 to 25 per cent. lower than any house in town. Meals served up at short notice. Give us a call.
no26:tf C. R. LEONHAUSER & CO.

J. M. ROBITZER,
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 53 Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
LUNCH every morning. no10:3m

HENRY BENDER'S
Exchange Restaurant and Oyster Saloon,
No. 241 Liberty street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The choicest products of the market served up.
OYSTERS in every style. no24:6m

HENRY ZIMMERMANN'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 95 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Corner Federal and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The choicest WINES, ALES, BEERS and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand. [no25:3m

FRANK LUTZ, No. 120 Wood st., between Fifth street and Virgin alley, has just fitted up his Saloon in the most elegant manner, and is now prepared to furnish his friends and the public with the largest and choicest SHELL OYSTERS to be had. Also, the choicest vintages of WINES, BEER and ALE. Polite and attentive waiters always in attendance. no26

SIGEL SALOON,
47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season.
☞ LUNCH every morning. oc28:3m

OPEN AGAIN.—E. REINEMAN'S
DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,
No. 67 SMITHFIELD street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand.
☞ Delicious OYSTERS, first of the season.
oc17:1y

JOHN LUNDY'S
ELDORADO
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
Corner of FIFTH and SMITHFIELD streets.
PITTSBURGH.
☞ The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. se10:1y

FRED. JACOBS'
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 37 MARKET street.
se16:3m

PETER KOLBECKER. No. 44 St. CLAIR street, has just fitted up his Saloon in the most elegant manner, and is now prepared to furnish his friends and the public with the largest and choicest SHELL OYSTERS to be had. Also, the choicest vintages of WINES, and BEER, ALE and LIQUORS of all kinds. Polite and attentive waiters always in attendance. no12:tf

VIERHELLER & ROESSING'S
BROADWAY SALOON RESTAURANT,
No. 64 FIFTH street,
Odd Fellows Hall Building.
se7:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOWERY SALOON,
No. 48 FIFTH street, next door to Theatre,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAS. S. WILLIAMS.......Proprietor.
se7:6m

"OUR HOUSE,"
JOHN SHALER, Proprietor,
32 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. Oysters sold retail or wholesale. se22:3m

KOENIG'S SALOON,
No. 76 Fifth street, opposite Post-office.
HENRY SCHNEIDER & JACOB ROHR,
PROPRIETORS.
FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which we are prepared to serve up in every style. [no3:2w

JOHN MEYER'S
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
No. 46 Smithfield street,
oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

MRS. E. BOLLSTETTER'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 178 Wood street.
WARM LUNCH every morning. [oc31:3m

LIQUORS.

FRED. SCHIELD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries, Liquors, Wines and Cigars,
No. 17 PENN street, Pittsburgh.
se16:1y

JOHN SEIFERTH.........CHARLES WEIHL.
JOHN SEIFERTH & CO.,
(Successors to Leopold Sahl,)
Importers and dealers in
Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
27 and 29 MARKET street, cor. Second,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

THE AMERICAN WINE CO.,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
(Under the Act approved 18th July, 1863.)
ON COMMISSION AND STORAGE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealing in Wines.
☞ Producers are respectfully requested to leave their samples at No. 6 Wood street.
oc10:1y R. L. ALLEN, Agent.

JOSEPH ROSS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY SELECTED GROCERIES,
FOREIGN LIQUORS,
WINES AND CIGARS,
East side of the Diamond,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARRIAGES.

CORNWELL & KERR,
Carriage Manufacturers.
OLD ESTABLISHED COACH FACTORY,
Duquesne Way, near St. Clair Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ REPAIRING done as usual. se7

GROCERS.

WILLIAM BAGALEY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Nos. 18 and 20 Wood Street,
sep7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOS. KIRKPATRICK.........WM. KIRKPATRICK.
J. KIRKPATRICK & BRO.,
[Successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick.]
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Nos. 191 and 193 LIBERTY Street.
se16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. MILLER, Phila......C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Wholesale Grocers
AND IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner of LIBERTY and IRWIN Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c. &c., constantly on hand. se5

S. LINDSAY, JR.........J. TELFORD.
LINDSAY & TELFORD,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
FLOUR, PRODUCE,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 187 LIBERTY STREET.
se7 PITTSBURGH.

S. H. LUCAS,
Grocer, Flour & Commission Merchant.
No. 265 Liberty street,
oc28:3m PITTSBURGH.

G. B. JONES.........O. B. JONES
GEORGE B. JONES & SON,
Wholesale Grocers and Boat Furnishers.
Dealers in MANILLA ROPE, OAKUM, OILS, PITCH and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles No. 141 WATER Street, above the Monongahela bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa. se9

JAMES DALZELL. J. WILLIS DALZELL
JAMES DALZELL & SON,
Lard Oil Manufacturers,
And Dealers in Crude and Refined Petroleum and Lubricating Oils,
Nos. 69 & 70 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
se9

JOHN MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
For the Sale of Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, and every variety of Blooms,
No. 74 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se9

HOTELS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETORS of the
GIRARD HOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA,
Would respectfully call the attention of business men and the traveling community to the superior accommodations and comfort of their establishment.
KANAGA, FOWLER & CO.
se21

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,
COVERLY & HUTCHISON, Proprietors,
HARRISBURG, PA.
This well known Hotel is now in a condition to accommodate the traveling public, affording the most ample conveniences alike for the transient guest and the permanent boarder.
THE UNITED STATES HOTEL has been entirely refitted throughout, and now has accommodations equal in extent, comfort and luxury to any hotel between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Its location is the best in the State Capital, being in easy access to all the railroad depots, and in close proximity to all the public offices and business localities of the city. It has now all the conveniences of
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL,
and the Proprietors are determined to spare neither expense, time or labor to ensure the comfort of the guests. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.
no6:3m

"THE UNION" HOTEL,
ARCH STREET,
Between THIRD and FOURTH streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
T. S. WEBB & SONS.
THOS. S. WEBB,
FRANK R. WEBB,
JESSE H. WEBB. se11:1y

THE NATIONAL HOUSE,
FIFTH STREET.
M'KEESPORT, PA.
This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of VISITORS and BOARDERS. FAMILIES can be accommodated with BOARDING, during the Season, on very favorable terms. His TABLE is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connellsville Railroad.
H. KLEINMAN.
M'Keesport, Sept., 1863.

THE BELLVIDERE HOUSE,
ED. EICHENLAUB,
PROPRIETOR,
NEAR SHARPSBURG. se19

ROOFING.

ROOFING OFFICE, 127 FOURTH STREET.—GRAVEL, CANVAS, CEMENT and GUTTA PERCHA ROOFING,—All materials pertaining to the business on hand, such as
Canvas, Felt, Cement and Paint,
for the preservation of Tin, Iron and Copper Roofs. Also, Iron saturated for Roofs, and Iron clad Buildings. Porches made firm to walk on and roofs of leaky buildings repaired.
B. F. SHOPE.
se14

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER.—FOR THE FALL SALES OF 1863.
VELVET AND GOLD PAPERS,
DECORATIONS FOR HALLS,
and new cheap papers, in great variety, for sal at the lowest rates, FOR CASH, at No. 107 MARKET Street, near Fifth.
se10 JOS. R. HUGHES.

CLOTHING.

J. BOOBYER, Jr.,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,
no9ly 225 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

KANE & DUFFY,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
AND DEALERS IN
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
No. 46 ST. CLAIR Street,
Opposite St. Clair Hotel,
se7 PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUCTIONEERS.

T. A. M'CLELLAND,
General Auction and Commission Merchant.
Sales Room and Office, No. 55 Fifth street, Masonic Hall Building. Sales effected of
Stocks, Real Estate, Furniture, &c.
AT EITHER
Sales Room, Dwellings or in the Country.
Daily Sales at 2 and 7 o'clock, of all kinds of Merchandise.
☞ CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. ☜
se7

JEWELRY.

AMERICAN WATCH AGENCY.
REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,
No. 42 FIFTH Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The attention of dealers and others is respectfully solicited to our large and varied assortment of
AMERICAN WATCHES,
acknowledged by all who use them to be the BEST watch for every day wear. They are not liable to get out of order, and keep time to the second. We have them put up in silver and gold cases of every description.

BULBOUS FLOWER ROOTS.—We have just received a very superior assortment of HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, POLYANTHUS, NARCISSUS, [illegible] &c. &c. [illegible]

The Daily Commercial.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863.

Publication Office, 72 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY

The Commercial Printing Co.

It is reported that Gen. Rosecrans will be assigned to the command of the Eighth Army Corps in Baltimore and Maryland, in place of Gen. Schenck, who has resigned to take his seat in Congress.

A. T. Stewart, of New York, has purchased the "Townsend Place," on Fifth Avenue, for two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, (half its original cost,) and is going to adorn it with statues, paintings and other works of art, beyond any other residence in America. It has a small space (a double lot) for ornamental grounds," which is to be made the most of, and when complete it is expected to surpass any other place in or around New York.

The Minnesota Indians.—A dispatch from St. Paul to the Chicago *Tribune* says information has been received that Sweet Corn, a Sioux chief, has sent a message to Fort Abercrombie, offering to surrender himself and his band, numbering one hundred and fifty Indians. They are encamped on the Cheyenne river, fifty miles from the Fort, but did not dare come for fear they would be fired on. Colonel Thomas, commandant at the Fort, has sent them word that they will not be harmed if they will surrender in good faith. It is thought that Standing Buffalo is a member of the party. These chiefs have been reported friendly for some time, but it is likely their offer of surrender at this time is owing to want.

Newspaper Publishers' Convention.—A committee appointed at a meeting of newspaper publishers held at Davenport, Iowa, on the 6th inst., have called a convention of newspaper publishers of the West and Northwest, to be held at the Tremont House, Chicago, on Thursday, the 17th of December. The object of the meeting is to secure an improvement in the telegraphic reports of Western papers. It is proposed to organize a Western Press Association and employ an agent for the purpose of collating and forwarding dispatches.

ALAS POOR HARRY WHITE!

In the narrative of the return of a large number of our army Surgeons from Richmond, we find this notice, which undoubtedly refers to Senator White, of Indiana county:

> Major White, of Pennsylvania, attempted to escape with the Surgeons at City Point, but was detected by a telegram and sent back. In extenuation of his offence the Major stated that he was endeavoring to get to the North for the purpose of effecting such arrangements as would insure the exchange of our starving prisoners. The Major was sent back to be confined in the dungeons dark and deep of the Libby.

We fear this is the last we shall hear of Maj. White until perhaps the adjournment of the next session of the State Senate, in which his presence is necessary to give the friends of the Union a majority.

NEW YORK MAYOR'S ELECTION.

To-day New York City elects a Mayor, Alderman, Councils, School Commissioners, &c. The regular Democratic nominee is Francis J. A. Boole, whom the *Tribune* calls the king of the ring. As the Democracy carried that city by 31,000 in 1862, and nearly 20,000 last month, we suppose Boole can scarcely be defeated. Another wing of the Democracy is supporting J. Godfrey Gunther, who was a candidate two years since against Fernando Wood, and thus secured the election of Mayor Opdyke. The Union candidate is Orrison Blunt, a merchant whose public career has been mainly characterized by his sturdy opposition to what is called the ring. If the taxpayers of that city could be aroused to the magnitude of the interests involved, there can be no doubt that Mr. Blunt would be elected. This, however, can only be done at distant intervals, and we have little hope of such a result. Two years ago it took a tremendous struggle to defeat Fernando Wood, and to hope for such another rebellion to the rule of the peace Democracy is unreasonable.

APPROBRIOUS EPITHETS.

In our judgment the conductors of public journals are under a great mistake whenever they indulge in grossly offensive epithets as applicable to men of good character in public stations. In the heat of political excitement some excuse may be found—but why does our neighbor of the *Post*, about once a month, single out Col. Forney, Clerk to the United States Senate, and Gen. Butler, of Massachusetts, now commanding in Southern Virginia, and outrage the proprieties of editorial life by applying the worst of epithets. Both these gentlemen we are aware, were once so unfortunate as to have been associated with the editor of that sheet in the support of the Democracy. Both were recognized leaders at a time when the Democracy was in power. For reasons satisfactory to themselves, and also to many of their old opponents, they have repented and are doing works meet for repentance. But why should Gen. Butler every few days be designated as "beast Butler," and Col. Forney have kindred epithets applied to him. There may be a few of the same sort left, though our attention has been more especially called to these.

Perhaps we have not fared much better ourselves, but our temper is not easily ruffled. Now, for the sake of an honorable profession and of our city, we hope an end may be put to all such slang. We do not believe such things hurt anybody but the authors, still we hope our city will no more be disgraced by the apparent encouragement given to a paper indulging habitually in such vulgar slang.

THE GUFFEY RIOT CASE.

It has passed into a proverb, that, when riots are supported by bayonet and bullet, in nine cases out of ten the persons killed and wounded are the innocent lookers-on. The recent decision of a riot case in the Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland county, would seem to show that Judicial punishments are not much more discriminating than military. We do not pretend to say that the proceedings at Guffey Station did not amount to a riot. The occupants of the house, well knowing that a large excursion train was on its way to Uniontown, invoked violence by a foolish and ostentatious display of a flag, which sensible people would have taken down, instead of hanging out to incite a riot. The aiders and abettors who urged them on to this foolish trial should have been mulcted in the costs. The universal testimony of all who saw this whole affair was that Capt. Stewart's whole object was to prevent the riot. He was of course busy on the ground, but it was in endeavoring to prevent a breach of the peace. Yet in his absence he was tried and found guilty. The Court refused to give him a new trial, the President Judge being overruled by the two associates. And yet these same men impliedly admit that they did not believe John H. Stewart to be guilty of the riot for which he had been tried and found guilty. If they had, do you believe they would only have sentenced him to a fine of $5 and costs of suit? We suppose these costs amount to several hundred dollars. The urging this case to trial after the election was over was an exceedingly discreditable affair to the law officers of Westmoreland county, and we think they should have full notoriety for it. Sheriff Stewart's whole agency in this matter was for the sake of peace, and to prevent a riot; yet he is convicted and has a nominal fine and a heavy bill of costs to pay. It is well, perhaps, that Westmoreland justice should be painted blind.

SECRETARY CHASE AND THE FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.

The difficulties which confronted Mr. Chase when he assumed his present office, were great enough to appal a man of less energy of character. But he was sufficiently brave to attempt a work which seemed to defy the powers of the ablest statesman, and although his name had been most prominently used in connection with the highest office in the gift of the people, yet he was patriotic enough to risk his own personal reputation in an effort to serve his country in its apparently desperate political and financial extremity. For this he deserves, pre-eminently, the public gratitude. But the wonder which we felt, that any fit person could be induced to undertake the arduous labors of the position, is immeasurably surpassed by the universal admiration of the marvelous success which has thus far attended the efforts of Mr. Chase.

It would be impossible, in a newspaper article, to give any adequate idea of the magnitude of the task devolved on the Secretary of the Treasury, or of the various ways and means by which he has accomplished it. Suffice it to say, therefore, that he grasped at the outset, with masterly comprehension, the difficult financial situation of the Government; that he met each successive demand of it, as it was gradually unfolded in the progress of the war, with rare skill and success; and that he achieved in his latest measure, the Five-twenty loan, a means and a degree of financial resource which crowns all his exertions with consummate triumph and makes his future path in the support and defence of the national credit, comparatively smooth, easy and secure. Archemedes is reported to have said, that if he had a fulcrum he could move the world. Hardly less difficult is the task of the statesman, who has to sustain the solvency of a great nation in the midst of a civil war. The only point on which he can hope to rest his lever, is the faith of the people in the credit of the Government. And that point, Mr. Chase, happily for the country, has at last attained. He had the sagacity to perceive that the enormous demands of the war would require an exhaustless source of supply; that the wealth of the loyal States was in the hands of the people, instead of in the vaults of moneyed institutions; that while banks would be soon depleted, the productive power of the laboring masses was commensurate with their disposition to meet any probable draft of the national necessities on their ability to supply the National Treasury; and hence, Mr. Chase ultimately appealed for revenue directly to the people, rather than to private capitalists and corporations. This he accomplished by means of the "Five-twenty Loan," which was the result of long and anxious cogitation, as well as of his own unaided invention. The banks of the country had nobly assisted him in the outset, and their conduct will yet be appreciated by the whole people, as it is now by the Government. But when they had done all that they could reasonably be asked or expected to do, and it was no longer prudent to further tax their ability, Mr. Chase, having become convinced by the success attending his former efforts in popularizing the Seven-thirty Loan, promptly decided to make a direct appeal to the people; and he therefore placed the finances of the Government on a firm and unfailing basis.

Let us speak now, briefly, of the wise economy with which he devised the plan of popularizing the last loan. The main principle was, to open it to the multitude, with the least possible restriction as to the amount of subscription. This let in all classes and conditions of persons, from the humblest and poorest to the highest and richest. It *democratised* the loan, appealed to the patriotism of the million, and let all enjoy the privilege of helping the Government in its need, while participating in the benefit of a secure investment in a liberal interest-paying Government stock. The success of this scheme of the Secretary of the Treasury, was dependent on the means which he adopted to practically carry it out. It was impossible through the regular routine of the Treasury Department to reach the masses of the people. After mature consideration, he decided to employ a single and direct agency, instead of multiplied and indirect agencies, on the principle that unity of action and accountability would produce better results to the Treasury, and be more economical. The Government assumed no risk, and it incurred no other expense than the setting apart of a sum, not exceeding three-eighths of one per cent., to cover all the multitudinous expenditures of so complicated and gigantic a work, and to be disbursed in the form of commissions to sub-agents, advertising, circulars, telegraphing, exchanges, sub-allowances, &c. Thus was thrown on the agent a burden of labor and responsibility for which he might possibly realize no adequate remuneration, while charging his personal care, energy, talent, and means, with the whole chances of the success or failure of the enterprise. And here, let us say, that this policy, originated and constantly directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, was most energetically carried out by the general subscription agent, and more than fifteen hundred experienced bankers and bank officers in every section of the country. And this allowance was not an actual one, but only contingent on sales being made.

The history of the world does not show any example of equally vast results on so small an expenditure. Indeed, while the War and Navy Departments are drawing so largely on the funds which the Treasury Department is raising, the cost to the Treasury of supplying the funds through this agency system, is hardly greater than the cost of a first-class Iron-side War Steamer. It would have been easier for Mr. Chase to realize money by long loans, bearing six per cent. interest. But here again he studied the economy of the Government. He so contrived the "Five-twenty Sixes," as to reserve the right of redeeming the loan at the expiration of five years, in the event of the termination of the War within that period, and the consequent probability that the Government could raise, at a lower rate of interest than six per cent., all the money it might then require. This opportunity, if obtained, would save the Government from one to two per cent. for fifteen years, or an aggregate of from fifty to one hundred millions of dollars on the whole loan.

It was suggested to Mr. Chase that the interest on the Treasury bonds should be paid, together with the principal, in Europe, and that agents should be despatched thither to negotiate the loan. But this he declined, preferring to rely on the resources and patriotism of our own people; and that confidence of his has been grandly and gloriously justified by the generous manner in which the people of all classes, in all parts of the loyal States have flocked, and are yet flocking with increased faith and eagerness, to invest their wealth in the securities of the Government. If, moreover, the Secretary could have negotiated the loan with banks and capitalists, even at ninety-seven per cent., the loss would have been fifteen millions of dollars; whereas, the plan adopted cost not one-tenth of the sum, and thus saved to the treasury thirteen millions of dollars. But this is not all. The incalculable moral effect of relying on the national resources of the Government, is to be taken into the account. Who can estimate the beneficial influence of this fact on the people at large, and the soldiers in the field? Who can fail to see, that as the public credit rose with the popular faith in the solvency of the nation, the cost of all contracts with and all supplies to the Government, declined? And who can be blind to the invaluable political importance of the increased and confirmed belief of all foreign Governments in the certain ability of this nation to meet its whole pecuniary necessities and sustain its own credit from its own independent resources? It is no exaggeration to say that one of the results of the improved National credit has been a saving to the Treasury of from thirty to fifty millions of dollars upon the expenditures for the last year, in addition to the large items above mentioned. Moreover, there are, up to this date, above half a million of individual subscribers to the "Five-twenty" loan. These subscriptions range from fifty dollars to many thousands. In this wide distribution of the loan, the Government is identifying the interest of the masses with its own interest, and taking a bond of the people to guarantee its permanent protection and safety.

On the whole, we think we may say, that the plan of Mr. Chase for supplying the Treasury, by sales of the "Five-twenty Sixes," through the popular agency system, has been, both in theoretical conception and practical execution, eminently economical, judicious, and successful. He cut the "red-tape" system, in resorting to the people for money, instead of to corporations and capitalists alone. This mode of procedure not only saved the Government a vast amount of care, labor, expense and risk, but it secured, at a very small comparative cost, that unity of action and accountability, which may be said to be the most essential condition of the success of all such undertakings.

Nearly four hundred millions of the Five-Twenty loan have been thus far disposed of to our own people. The balance, about one hundred millions, will soon be absorbed by the constantly increasing demand. In a future article we will refer to the ample and unfailing resources at the command of the Secretary of the Treasury, under the legislation of Congress at its last session, and of which he has yet availed himself to a very trifling extent.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

A Rebel Mail Route—The Spotted Fever Again—Re-arrangements of our Wards—The Rebel John Morgan and His Escape—Governor Curtin and His Efforts in Behalf of Our Soldiers.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial:

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.

The day has been cloudy and cool, threatening rain, but with slight indications of clearing to-night. We have been without any news at all, so far, and as it is now getting along in the evening the probabilities are that we shall have to go to bed without much. Well, we can afford to be patient now for a day or two, as history has been made too fast for the last week. If we were to continue on at the same rate for a fortnight longer, there would be no "Southern Confederacy" left, and then what would be done, with nearly a million of armed men on hand and nothing for them to do? It wouldn't do to wind things up so rapidly.

At last the Custom House officers at New York have waked up and captured a rebel mail, and any quantity of letters in private hands, on board the Cunard steamer Corsica from Nassau. It has been so notorious for the past year and a half, that this route was used by the majority of Northerners who desired to communicate with rebeldom, that it is strange the Government has not long since done what they just now appear to have learned for the first time. If this line is looked after now a great business will be "nipped."

Last spring a fearful epidemic, called the spotted fever, made its appearance at the Falls of Schuylkill and at Manayunk. The persons afflicted with the distemper became covered with large discolorations or spots all over the body, and died in almost every instance. The disease was mostly prevalent among the operatives in the cotton mills. It was finally quelled, but has reappeared, and its ravages are as fearful as they were before. Both the above localities are infected, and cases have been reported near the Schuylkill in the west end of the Eighth Ward. The physicians are more successful in their treatment of the malady since its second appearance.

Several plans will come up before the next Legislature of the State for a re-arrangement of the different Wards of the city, in consequence of the greatly increasing population of the city. Some of these plans contemplate dividing the city into thirty wards; others, again, propose that the increase shall be two Wards, making the whole number twenty-seven. This plan contemplates a division of the First Ward, North and South by Broad street, west of Broad street comprising the twenty-seventh Ward. A rearrangement of the boundaries of the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Wards, so as to equalize the population of each, and the creation of a Twenty-sixth Ward out of parts of the Fifteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first are also suggested.

A telegram informs us that the rebel John H. Morgan, and several of his subordinate officers, have escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus. Just at this time Morgan's services in conjunction with Bragg's army, would be invaluable, therefore I am astonished at the trifling reward which has been offered for his recapture. What is the sum of one thousand dollars compared to his services as a guerrilla? The brilliant idea of offering such a liberal (!) sum could only have originated in the stupid mind of the man who is answerable for his escape, and Governor Tod should immediately promote him to a first class position in his hostelry. He should be displaced at once, and, if possible, awarded some proper punishment for his neglect and undoubted incapacity. It must have taken those precious rascals some time to have excavated sufficiently to admit of a safe departure, hence the gross carelessness, or wilful inattention of the Superintendent becomes more lucid; let him be displaced and the matter investigated. The Ohioans may have one more big rebel in their midst than they have hitherto had credit for. A reward of five, or even ten thousand dollars would not be a large amount to pay for his recapture. Once get him again, send him here, and I warrant him safe keeping.

The report which was sent from Washington a few days since, wherein it was intimated that the Secretary of War had appointed somebody to look after the interests and welfare of Pennsylvania soldiers in certain localities, is fully on a par with the sensational diatribes for which the writer has an unenviable notoriety as well as in his specialty of telling downright untruths with that *nonchalance* which is said to characterize individuals when speaking the truth. It is not necessary for me to mention this in behalf of Gov. Curtin, than whom no man has labored more earnestly during this war, for our defenders.

But there are always more or less of the public who do not take time to think after reading any statement, and it is to them I speak. To brand this correspondent as a general falsifier, it is only necessary for me to refer to the well-known fact that Col. R. Biddle Roberts has for a long time been the Commonwealth's Agent at Washington for the especial purpose of attending to the welfare of her soldiers in the Army of the Potomac, and others who may be sent to the vicinity of the National capital. Too many thousands know of this fact for me to waste words upon it. Another gentleman of capability has long been with the armies in the Southwest, and several others have been devoting their energies toward the welfare of our Pennsylvania boys down the coast. On every battlefield, and wherever, in fact, His Excellency has been able to learn that anything has been wanting which unceasing labor and sleepless nights on his part would produce for their benefit, it has been done. And how many know this, too—how many who have seen him going to and fro over the various railroads by night and day, can testify to this fact. I believe that I am within bounds when I say that for each time that the Chief Executive of any other State has been to Washington and the great fields of the war in Virginia, to look after the welfare of the soldiers from their several States, ours has been there half-a-dozen times. If I mistake not, there are two or three governors of loyal States who have not visited the Federal capital at all—not including California.

Federal Surgeons Released.—Ninety-five surgeons recently released from Libby prison arrived in Washington yesterday. They had no opportunity of finding out the number of troops at Richmond. The clothing and provisions which had been sent was distributed, and afforded great relief; but the supply was not equal to the demand.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM KNOXVILLE.

BURNSIDE WELL PROVISIONED.

The Position of Meade's Army.

BRAGG HALTED AT DALTON.

Official Dispatches from Banks.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

[BY INLAND TELEGRAPH.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Washington, Nov. 30.

The Situation at Knoxville.

Government has intelligence of the situation at Knoxville on Wednesday night last. Longstreet still besieged the place, and though his shells had burned a few buildings he was as far as ever from forcing Burnside to surrender. The latter was fully provisioned and could hold out for some time yet. If Longstreet falls back on the road he came up, he will find himself in a tight place; but it is feared that since Bragg's defeat he will retreat from Knoxville up the East Tennessee Valley to Bristol, on the border line, from which place he can take the cars direct to Abingdon, Lynchburg and Richmond. As it is supposed that he has at least 20,000 men, he could not in any event reach Richmond in time to do any good. The *Star*, on the contrary, intimates that Longstreet's wild endeavor to take Knoxville by a desperate assault, was in order to get supplies for his troops.

The Reported Capture of two Army Corps Untrue.

The rumor telegraphed here from the North, that Meade has taken two Army Corps prisoners, is, of course, untrue, for that would be most all of Lee's army.

Not Reliable.

At 8 o'clock to-night there is not one reliable word in addition to that telegraphed last night, about the army.

The "Star" on Gen. Meade.

The *Star* of this evening, very significantly sums up our situation thus:—The position of affairs when Meade was last heard from, was about this, that Meade had the advantage in position, but had not been able to push forward as fast as had been hoped and expected. Meade seems to have been feeling his way rather slowly, and cautiously, as it now appears, but with his superior army once concentrated in a good position, it does not seem possible that he can be defeated by any force that Lee can bring against him. Should, however, the fortunes of war again go against the Army of the Potomac, he is so posted that he can readily fall back upon Fredericksburg, and as the railroad from Acquia Creek to Falmouth is by this time in good running order, he will be in possession of full communication with his supplies and means of resuming the offensive; but we do not expect to hear that he has had occasion to fall back, but, on the contrary, that it is Lee who is embarrassed for his communications with Richmond.

Official Despatches from Gen. Banks.

Official despatches were received from Gen. Banks this morning. They contain but little not confirmatory of the published accounts of the success of the expedition. He has met with a good deal of Union sentiment along the Rio Grande, and the people of Texas are not near so zealous in the rebel cause as those of other sections. In preventing the complications with France by the Mexican embroglio, and in the development of strong Union sentiment, it is evident the expedition will be most successful.

The Speakership.

Congressmen Washburne arrived from the West to-day, and the Speakership contest has assumed an animated aspect. The friends of both Colfax and Washburne claim the success of each on Friday. The Union caucus will be held in the House hall, when all the candidates will be nominated. The contest for Clerk and Postmaster is very exciting, and there are nearly a dozen candidates here for both positions. The Senators and members are coming in freely.

From Chattanooga.

There is but little from Chattanooga of interest. It is definitely learned that Bragg has halted at Dalton, which is thirty miles from Chattanooga. It is a position not easily defended.

An Escaped Rebel Re-arrested.

Wm. Gibson, Colonel of the 48th Georgia Infantry, who was wounded and taken prisoner at Gettysburg, was sent to Baltimore, and who succeeded in escaping on the night of the 11th inst., was re-arrested by one of our detectives in Queen Ann county, who committed him to the Old Capitol.

The Notorious Female Spy, Belle Boyd, To Be Exchanged.

The notorious female spy, Belle Boyd, who has been confined in the Old Capitol prison for some time, was sent to Old Point this afternoon, and was turned over to the commanding officer at that place, to be by him delivered at City Point for exchange. A.

General Meade's Advance.

New York, Nov. 30.—The Philadelphia *Inquirer* to-day publishes a report of Gen. Meade's advance, furnished by one of its correspondents at Diesville, a post village in Orange county, Va., twelve miles from Orange Court House.

The dispatch furnishing the report is dated Saturday noon, when our cavalry and artillery were driving the rebels down the turnpike towards Orange Court House, and were within eight miles of that place.

Nothing but a skirmish has taken place since the army crossed the Rapidan, and our losses were slight and confined to the cavalry.

His left wing was extended out to the Wilderness and Shatsso creek. The rebels make but feeble resistance, and fall back whenever they are pressed.

It is reported that the rebel force at Fredericksburg has retreated towards Richmond. Thus we hold the road direct from Fredericksburg to Gordonsville.

We have succeeded in cutting the rebel left from the main army, and it is hoped that many are already taken prisoners.

The recent rains have been heavy, but they will delay our movements but a few hours, if at all.

Lee Defeated.

Washington, Nov. 30, 2:45, P. M.—The *Republican*, just issued, says: Up to this day there has been much fighting by regiments, brigades, divisions and corps, but there has not been a general battle; and while we have been worsted temporarily in skirmishes, the result is that Lee has been defeated and has been gradually falling back, and from present appearances will make a grand stand at Hanover Junction or Gordonsville.

Washington City Items.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Nothing has been received up to noon from Meade's army, later than that furnished by the Associated press last night and this afternoon. Much difficulty attends the receiving news, there being now no regular communication with Washington.

The President's health has improved, and he will soon be able to attend to his official duties.

The Chattanooga post office will soon be resumed under its old postmaster, J. R. Hood.

Morgan in Canada.

Toronto, C. W., Nov. 30.—John Morgan arrived here to-day, via the Great Western Railroad.

MARRIED:

SWEENEY—ERNEST—In Allegheny city, Nov. 17th, 1863, by Rev. William Annan, Sergt. JOHN C. SWEENEY, of Co. D, 156th Regt. Pa. Volunteers, and EMMA ERNEST.

BUHOUP—CREAL—On the 20th of October, at the Parsonage, by Rev. Isaac Aiken, Mr. HENRY BUHOUP, of Duquesne borough, and Miss SARAH W. CREAL, of Pittsburgh.

UTLY—JEWELL—On Thanksgiving Day, the 26th, at the residence of John Gibson, Esq., 263 Clark street, by the Rev. Wm. Young, Mr. C. A. UTLY to MARTHA C. JEWELL, all of Cincinnati.

DIED:

HAYS—Suddenly, on the 20th of October, 1863, in the Hospital, at Martinsburg, Va., GEO. S. HAYS, son of the late Thomas Hays, Esq., in the twenty-third year of his age.

OWENS—Of Diptheria, on Saturday morning, 28th inst., at 9¼ o'clock, ANNA M'FALL, oldest child of James and Elizabeth Owens, aged seven years and five months.

POWERS—On Saturday morning, at 4½ o'clock, Mr. EDWARD POWERS, in the 63d year of his age.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,

Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at **No. 142 Penn street,**

oc29:1m two doors below Pitt street.

Editor of Commercial:

Dear Sir,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

oc5:3m:daw 831 Broadway, New York.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—For a term of years, that very desirable LOT on Fifth street, adjoining Messrs. White, Orr & Co. For particulars apply to HATCH & TORRANCE,

dec1:1w-d&e Agents, No. 189 Penn st.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

Eastern made

CLOAKS,

the best styles in the city.

Black and Col'd Cloaks.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

A full assortment of

WINTER GOODS,

just received at

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

North-East Corner 4th and Market sts.

dec1

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEATS

FOR SALE,

Situate on the line of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad,

near the flourishing village of

MANSFIELD,

five miles from the city,

Containing about 250 acres ground,

located on both sides of

Chartiers Creek and the Railroad.

This Tract has been lately surveyed and subdivided into LOTS ranging from 2 to 15 acres each, to suit the means and taste of all. These Sites for beauty and scenery, commanding location and fertility of soil are not excelled by any other location along the various lines of Railway leading out of the city. Coal is near and cheap, with many never failing Springs, of the best of water, on the premises.

The Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad is now near completion, and will be in running order throughout, in the Summer of 1864.

The Chartiers Valley Railroad, also, which connects with the Pittsburgh and Stuebenville Railroad, on this tract, will be completed in a short time.

The road from Pittsburgh to Mansfield is now being macadamized and improved, and is in good condition, making the place now, easy of access from the city.

The village of MANSFIELD has already three Churches, with a flourishing Academy and Public School, which presents advantages for families desiring a COUNTRY HOME with Churches and Schools convenient.

This property is offered at low prices and on easy terms. Parties looking for Country Homes, convenient to the city, are invited to examine the beauty, convenience and many advantages of this location.

For Plans, and other information, apply at the office of

B. M'LAIN & CO.,

No. 102 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

Or of

M. B. BROWN,

dec1 **Mansfield.**

HOLIDAY SALES

AT

HORNE'S

TRIMMING STORE,

77 and 79 Market street.

TO-DAY we commence our REGULAR ANNUAL HOLIDAY SALES of Embroideries, Lace Goods and Linen Handkerchiefs. Our stock of these Goods is more complete than at any former season. The prices have been MARKED DOWN. We have also just opened a choice lot of Worked Slipper Patterns, Fancy Money Bags, and Fine Cashmere Scarfs, suitable for

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Our stock of other Seasonable Goods is well assorted in

CLOAK, ORNAMENTS, BEAD GIMPS,
VELVETS AND GIMPURE LACES,
SILK AND FELT HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS AND RIBBONS,
GLOVES, STOCKINGS,
WOOL HOODS,
SACQUES, SONTAGS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
QUAKER SKIRTS,
and CORSETS.

HEAD DRESSES, Ladies' Merino VESTS and DRAWERS, Men's UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, of the best makes; FUR GAUNTLETS and HEAVY DRIVING GLOVES.

Also, a full line of

Notions and Small Wares Generally.

Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.

Merchants and all others who buy to sell again supplied at lowest wholesale rates.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

dec1 **Nos. 77 and 79 MARKET street.**

FOR SALE.—TWO BLAST FURNACE ENGINES, STEAM CYLINDERS, 18 inches diameter, by four feet stroke. Blowing tubs three feet eight inches diameter, by five feet stroke—all in good order, having been used but a short time. Made by Knapp & Wade, Pittsburgh. Apply immediately to WOOD, MORRELL & CO.,

no16:2w Johnstown, Pa.

KREBS & BRO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,

Corner Wood and Fifth streets,

PITTSBURGH.

Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit; Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se29:3m

NEW FRENCH MERINOES,

NEW EMPRESS CLOTHS, in plain and stripe,

NEW WOOL DELAINES,
NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW CLOTH CLOAKS,
NEW WOOLEN SHAWLS,
NEW CLOAKING CLOTHS.
FLANNELS AND BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
MUSLINS AND PRINTS,

SELLING CHEAP

AT

E. R. GARDNER & CO.'S,

no30] **92 MARKET STREET.**

THE BUGLE-CALL.—A collection of nearly fifty of the freshest, spiciest and most rousing songs, trios, quartetts and choruses ever published. This book should be in every loyal home, in every Union League, and around every camp fire—for it will help the right, while it arouses, amuses and entertains. By Geo. F. Root.

Copies mailed on receipt of 35 cents.

oc27 CHAS. C. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, AND APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS, manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c. in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield, near Fifth st. Ladies attended by Mrs. Helmold. jse24:ly

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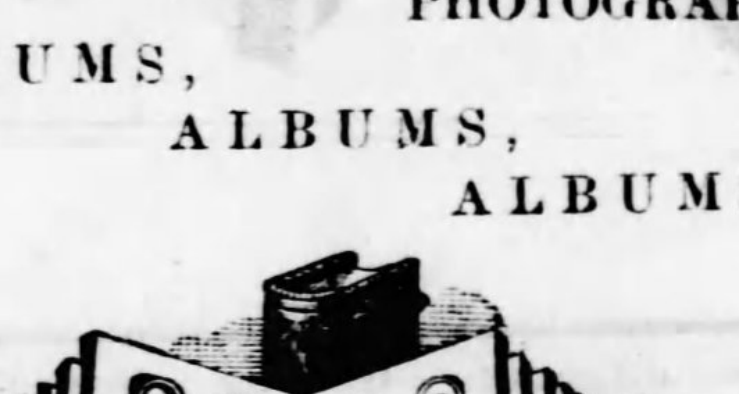

AT

PITTOCK'S,
PITTOCK'S,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

no30

TO STUDENTS AND LOVERS OF CHURCH MUSIC. The well-known composer, Mr. JOHN ZUNDEL, Organist and Director of Music of Henry Ward Beecher's church, New York, will visit this city during the next month to give a short course of instruction in Harmony, the Organ or Melodeon, and Chorus singing connected with public performances on the Organ, and Sacred Concerts. Circulars, stating terms, etc., may be obtained at the Music Stores of H. Kleber & Bro., and C. C. Mellor. no12tDec8

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Office,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 21, 1863.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, Jones' Building, Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, (seventh day) of DECEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock, m., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

no25 W. O. HUGHART, Sec'y.

ANTHONY VOWINKEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

SOAP AND CANDLES,

AND DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

no28:1y *HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA*

GEORGE TEORGE will commence his

MUSIC SCHOOL,

At his rooms, corner of WOOD and FIFTH streets, third story, THIS DAY. Engagements for the GREAT WESTERN BAND will be properly attended to.

GEORGE TEORGE,

oc19 Leader of Great Western Band,

ERNEST MANGOLD,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

Corner of Chestnut and Liberty streets

ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞ Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the night. [oc10:1y

DR. EDW. CZARNIECKI,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Thierarzt and Horse Tamer,

WEST street, two doors from OHIO street. Allegheny city, Pa. Recommends himself in the whole range of VETERINARY SCIENCE, especially in the treatment of all external and internal diseases; likewise in all Chirurgical Operations, Castration of animals, &c., &c.

Always on hand, my celebrated Horse Powders, Spavin Plaster, &c., &c. oc23:6m

FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The Broad Top Mountain House,

Broad Top City, Huntingdon county, Penna.

This celebrated Hotel, situated on the top of Broad Top Mountain, one of the finest locations in the State for pure air, grand mountain scenery and fine water, is offered for sale at a great bargain, or to rent to an enterprising tenant.

The house is crowded every season, and presents an opportunity of making money in the hands of a business man, seldom to be met with. It is furnished throughout with elegant furniture from Philadelphia. It is a very substantial stone building, three stories, and basement 44 by 64 feet, with kitchen 17 by 27 feet; ice house, carriage house, stables and other out buildings; a pleasure garden, and ample ground for vegetable gardens; there are also meadows and cultivated fields. The large coal trade of the neighborhood, and the very salubrious atmosphere of Broad Top City, will ever fill the house with visitors during the summer months. For terms, &c. apply to HENRY D. MOORE, President of the Broad Top Improvement Company, 228 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

oc22:1taw-f-6-w

WAR CLAIMS, PATENTS AND PASSPORTS.

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

SOLICITORS OF CLAIMS AND PATENTS,

No. 144 Fourth street, (2d floor,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

We possess unequalled facilities for a successful prosecution of all claims against the State and General Government, for BACK PAY, BOUNTY, PENSION, PRIZE MONEY, SUBSISTENCE, RECRUITING and other expenses, and HORSES killed or lost in the service.

We are also engaged in procuring PATENTS and PASSPORTS. Information given free of charge. no26

SAM'L. M. WICKERSHAM,

METAL BROKER,

no25:1y] **No. 47 WOOD STREET.**

DESIRABLE COAL WORKS FOR SALE.—The undersigned will offer for sale their valuable COAL WORKS, at Port Perry, Allegheny county, Pa., at 2d Lock, on the Monongahela river, within 12 miles of the city, consisting of about

20 Acres of Coal,
70 Pit Wagons,
34 Tenements,
1 Large Store House,
1 Carpenter Shop,
1 Blacksmith Shop,
5 Mules,
1 Sett Dry Docks,

Together with team and pit roads, incline road, and all the appurtenances of the works, which can at slight expense be put in complete working order in a short time.

McCLOSKEY, COSGRAVE & CO.

Apply to
JOHN McCLOSKEY, Port Perry, or
JOHN S. COSGRAVE,
no19:2wd 156 Third street, Pittsburgh.

CHAS. G. SAUTTER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Oil, Whisky, Ale and Pork Barrels.

Cooperage on Perry street, above Chestnut, opposite Straub's Brewery, Allegheny city.

All orders addressed to Box 360, Allegheny P. O., will receive prompt attention. [no20:6m

MERINOS,

SILKS,
FRENCH POPLINS,
ALPACAS,
IMPERIAL REPS,
BARETHES,
EMPRESS CLOTHS.
DELAINES,

of every color, and all the new styles and patterns.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH GALA PLAIDS.

CLOAKS,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's, velvet, cloth, plush, Beaver, Milton, Whitney and broadcloth, manufactured from the most fashionable Eastern patterns.

SHAWLS,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's; a very large assortment of every kind, at all prices.

LINEN SHIRT FRONTS,
COLLAR AND CUFFS,
DAMASKS,
LINENS,
CASSIMERES.

A full assortment of fashionable DRY GOODS at

ALEX. BATES',

21 Fifth street.

☞ Country merchants supplied. [no24

NEW BOILER WORKS.

J. J. POWERS

Attends to the manufacture of Steam Boilers, Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Salt Pans, Sugar Pans, Sheet Iron Chimneys, Breechings, and all other articles usually manufactured at similar concerns.

Prompt attention paid to all kinds of repairs on reasonable terms.

Works corner of LOCUST and DUQUESNE WAY, Fifth Ward, Allegheny river. oc27:tf

DEMLER & SCHULZE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

DEALERS IN

Cutlery and House Furnishing Goods,

BRITTANIA AND BLOCK TIN WARE, STOVES, ICE CHESTS, ENAMELED AND TINNED HOLLOW WARE, WATER COOLERS, &c. Wholesale and retail, at No. 126 Smithfield street, corner of Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. no30:tf

WINE PRESSES.—We have for sale two of HICKOK'S CIDER and WINE MILLS. The only mill that properly grinds grapes. J. KNOX,

oc28 No. 29 Fifth street.

BARBER'S SOAP.—Only 25 cents per cake, or $2 50 per doz. Try it. For sale by

oc13 B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.

DOUBLE XX ALE AND TREBLE XX ALE for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by JOSHUA RHODES,

oc13 Duquesne Way.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—

Lessee and Manager..........WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer..........H. OVERINGTON.

Second night of the engagement of the celebrated equestrian artiste,

R. E. J. MILES,

and his educated Horses HIAWATHA and WATAMAH, the Indian wonder. Also, GOLIAH.

THIS EVENING will be presented the celebrated drama of ROOKWOOD; or, DICK TURPIN, the bold Highwayman.

Dick Turpin..........R. E. J. Miles.
Jerry..........J. O. Sefton.
Luke..........C. Loveday.
Syble..........Annie Eberlie.
Bonnie Bess..........Hiawatha

To conclude with AN ALARMING SACRIFICE.

Bob..........Mr. Sefton.
Susan..........Annie Hyatt.

☞ **SIGEL CONCERT HALL,**

No. 47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

Theatrical performances every EVENING, with Declamations, Solos, Duetts, and Terzetts out of the latest Farces and Operas, by

Mad. MUELLER,
Mr. MERBITZ, and
Mr. GOLDSCHMIDT.

Admission FREE. In rehearsal JOHN and HANNE. **WM. RUECKEISEN,**

oc30:tf Proprietor.

JAMES ONSLOW,

GENERAL BUSINESS AND

Soldiers Claim Agent, Collector, &c.,

Office: No. 65 Fifth street, up stairs,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All claims of Soldiers, or others, against either State or National Governments promptly attended to. Collections in the city also made.

no11:tf

CHARLES MULLEN'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

58 Hand street, near Liberty.

The choicest ALES and WINES kept constantly on hand. LUNCH every evening till 10 o'clock. no30:3m

JOHN BURGESS & CO.,

(Successors to J. & W. Hanna,)

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

OIL CITY, PA.

Having purchased the Hanna Warehouse, at Oil City, and having ample room and facilities, we are now prepared to store and forward Oil and merchandise of every description, and promise satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. no20:3m

FARM FOR SALE.—FIFTY ACRES OF LAND for sale, seven miles from the city, and two miles from Sharpsburg, on Squaw Run.

For particulars apply at the *Daily Democrat* office. no10:2w

BONNETS.—Bonnets, young Ladies' Hats, Dress Caps, Plumes, Flowers, Ribbons, all of the latest style, at

C. & A. STROUSE'S,

oc13:1y 20 Diamond alley.

DR. GEORGE CLIES,

No. 274 Pennsylvania Avenue.

Office Hours:

From 6 to 9 in the morning; 12 to 2 in the afternoon, and from 6 to 9 in the evening.

se24:3m

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES AND BACK PAY.

T. WALTER DAY,

No. 103 Fifth street, 3d door below the Cathedral.

Circulars containing full information, showing who are entitled, will be furnished, upon applying to this office by letter or in person.

☞ No charges until collections are made.

oc24

NEW GOODS,

AT

REDUCED PRICES

AT

BARKER & CO'S,

59 Market street.

Silks, Shawls,
Cloaks, Merinos,
Dress Goods,
Gents' & Boys' Wear,
Balmoral Skirts.

Greatest Bargains

OFFERED THIS SEASON.

DON'T BUY

BEFORE SEEING THESE.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES

AWARDED BY THE

LONDON AND PARIS EXHIBITIONS,

AND AT THE OHIO STATE FAIR JUST HELD AT CLEVELAND, Sept. 16th and 17th, 1863.

Upwards of 120,000 Machines have already been sold, and the demand is unprecedented.

The new improvements recently added renders it the most successful and popular Machine now before the public.

WARRANTED THREE YEARS.

Send for DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS, with prices.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

WESTERN AGENTS,

no19 No. 27 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh.

GRAPES.

WE CAN FURNISH, of the best quality, the following choice kinds:

CONCORD,
DELAWARE,
HERBEMONT,
DIANA,
ELSINGBURG,
TOKALON,
ANNA,
UNION VILLAGE,
CATAWBA and
ISABELLA.

J. KNOX,

no24 **No. 29 Fifth street.**

THE NEW GYMNASTICS

At Neville Hall.

The classes are open for new members at each time of meeting.

Ladies and Gentlemen, Tuesday and Friday evenings at 7½ o'clock.

Ladies and Children, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock.

TERMS, IN ADVANCE.

For Adults, course of 20 lessons..........$6 00
" Lads and Misses do. do. 4 00
" Children do. do. 3 00

no17:tf

DR. A. WEINMANN'S

(DENTIST,)

TOOTH-ACHE PILLS.

The preparation of this Pill has been the result of years of study and practice. They are purely vegetable, and, therefore, will not injure the teeth or gum.

They will cure the most violent Tooth-Ache in a few minutes, when properly used.

Direction: Clean out the cavity of the Tooth affected, and dry it well with cotton, then cut Pill the size of the vacuum and press it tight into the tooth, and cover over with wax or cotton. These Pills are one of the best remedies for this shocking pain. Prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail at 214 Ohio street, Allegheny, and at every Druggist all around Pittsburgh and environs. no3:tim

BABBIT'S NEW YORK SOAP.—Genuine Womans' Friend Soap. 50 boxes of each, in store, and for sale by

no18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

WOMAN'S FRIEND DETERSIVE SOAP.—100 boxes Woman's Friend Variegated Soap—in store and for sale by

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,

oc No. 67 Wood Street.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Gettysburg.—Pittock sends us a neat pamphlet, containing a sketch of the Battles of Gettysburg, with an explanatory map. He has a supply for sale. The map alone is worth the price of the book.

Serenaded.—Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, being on a visit to his home in Steubenville, was serenaded by his fellow-citizens on Friday evening. Speeches were made by Secretary Stanton and Dr. McCook.

Argued.—The motion for a new trial in the case of Theophilus George, convicted of the robbery of Mr. McBane, at the St. Charles Hotel, some months since, was argued yesterday in the Court of Quarter Sessions. The Court will render its decision in the case next Saturday.

Convention of County Superintendents.—The State Superintendent has issued a call for a meeting of the County Superintendents at Harrisburg, to commence on the 12th day of next January. It is hoped that the meeting will be a full one, and that much good may result.

Horticultural Society.—The Pittsburgh Horticultural Society, at its last session, unanimously elected Judge Gabriel Adams, President of the Society, in place of Rev. J. Knox, resigned. A committee was appointed to procure a suitable room for the meetings of the Society, which will report on Wednesday morning.

Gen. Frank Herron.—Our neighbor, John W. Pittock, opposite the Post Office, has received several copies of an elegantly engraved likeness of Major General Frank J. Herron. The likeness is a very truthful one. Any of the friends of our gallant young Pittsburgh General, who may desire to secure his portrait, should call on Pittock immediately.

Painful Railroad Accident.—Yesterday about noon, as Mr. Hugh McAuly was in the act of coupling together two freight cars at the outer depot, in Allegheny city, the train started ahead, knocking him down, and before he could extricate himself, the wheels passed over his right leg, crushing it in such a terrible manner as to render amputation necessary. The operation was successfully performed by taking off the limb above the knee, and at last accounts there was every reason to suppose that he would recover.

Gave Himself Up.—Some two months ago, our readers will remember, Dr. Francis McGrath, of the Third Ward, died from injuries received in falling from the third to the second story of his dwelling. The Coroner's jury at the inquest held over his remains, found a verdict that his death was occasioned by injuries received in a scuffle with his brother-in-law, James Boland. Yesterday Mr. Boland, who could not be found at the time of the inquest, gave himself up to Coroner McClung, and he was immediately afterwards admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000 to answer at Court whatever charge may be brought against him.

Allegheny Teachers' Institute.—The Teachers' Institute of Allegheny convened in the Sandusky street school building, on Saturday—President Squires in the chair. The morning session was mainly occupied in the delivery of an interesting lecture on the "Celestial Mechanism," by Mr. Goff, Principal of the Third Ward Schools, and a lecture on the "Combination of Subvocals" by Prof. Osgood. In the afternoon, the several classes of the Institute recited the lessons previously assigned in Physical Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic and Algebra, to the Principals, Messrs. Chamberlin, Stevenson, Goff and Squires. After announcing the lessons and appointments for the next meeting, the Institute adjourned.

Supplies Wanted.

The following telegram was received by Mr. Bakewell yesterday:

LOUISVILLE, November 30.

THOS. BAKEWELL, President Sanitary Commission.—A dispatch of this date from Bridgeport, just received, states our wounded to be 6,000. Large supplies are needed.

R. T. THORNE, Sec'y Sanitary Commission.

Our citizens are called upon to answer promptly to the necessities of our soldiers in the West, and to send immediately all the supplies they can to the rooms of the Sanitary Commission, No. 59, Fourth street, from whence they will be forthwith expressed to the army. It is hoped that our citizens, who are never backward in doing good, will respond liberally and at once to this call on them. Already the Sanitary Commission are advised that supplies will be needed by our glorious army of the Potomac. Now is the time for those at home to aid in the good cause.

Dr. Paige's Lectures.—Dr. A. Paige will deliver a public lecture this, Tuesday evening, in Masonic Hall, on the subject of Electricity as connected with the Cause and Cure of Disease. The Doctor will also lecture on Wednesday afternoon to ladies exclusively, and in the evening to gentlemen exclusively, on the same subject. Admission to all these lectures will be free. We would again repeat that Dr. Paige's lectures are very interesting and instructive, and will amply repay all who can spare the time to listen to them. The above lectures will be introductory to a full course of Demonstrative Lectures, to be delivered in Wilkins' Hall, Fourth street, to be commenced on Thursday evening next. The course will occupy about three weeks, and those who attend them will be fully qualified, both ladies and gentlemen, for the successful practice of this new branch of the Healing Art, either for domestic practice, or for a special profession.

City Executive Committee.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 30, 1863.

In pursuance of the call of the Chairman, the City Executive Committee of the Union Republican party, met at the office of the N. A. Oil Company, Nov. 30, 1863:

Present—William F. Johnston, Chairman; Messrs. John Sarber, G. W. Coffin, Wm. Woods, J. S. Laughlin, George W. Leonard, D. B. Ferguson, S. Lindsey, D. Mercer, A. G. McCandless, J. W. McGimpsey, Louis Role, F. Fredericks, D. Hutchinson, Wm. Wills, and Wm. Williams.

Absent—Jos. Kaye, J. I. Bennett.

On motion, Wm. Wills was elected Secretary.

On motion of A. G. McCandless, it was unanimously.

Resolved, That the primary meetings for the election of delegates in the several wards shall be held on Saturday, the 12th of December, between the hours of four and seven o'clock, p. m.; that the convention shall be held on Monday, the 15th of December, at the hour of ten o'clock, a. m., at the Court House.

On motion of Dr. McCandless, it was

Resolved, That the officers of the primary meetings be instructed to refuse all votes offered by any other than those who voted the Union Republican ticket in October last.

On motion,

Resolved, That the call for the primary elections shall be the same as that issued two years ago, and be signed by the Chairman and Secretary.

REPUBLICAN UNION CITY CONVENTION.

The Republican electors of the City of Pittsburgh, and all others in favor of supporting the Administration in the vigorous prosecution of the war for the maintenance of the National Union, are requested to meet in their respective election districts on Saturday, the 12th day of December, 1863, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, p. m., and elect five delegates from each ward to the City Convention, which will meet at the Court House on Tuesday, December 15th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to nominate candidates for Mayor, City Controller and Treasurer.

The wards having two election precincts will elect the greatest number of delegates from the precinct having the largest population.

By order of City Executive Committee.
WM. F. JOHNSTON, Ch'm.
WM. WILLS, Sec'y.

Fancy Lamps.—French and German cut and plated, and ruby, white, pearl and blue, and alabaster, of every style and finish. The cheapest and finest selected stock of fancy lamps that has ever been brought to this market, consisting of hall chandeliers, fancy cut shades, and Dithridge's double plated, vial flint chimneys, and every article in the lamp line as cheap as any house in the United States. Lamps suitable for Christmas presents at W. N. Ogden's, No. 64 Market street.

Photographs.—Persons wishing Photographs colored in Ink, Oil, or Water Colors, for the holidays, done up in the finest style of the art, would do well to call at as early a day as possible at the ever popular gallery of B. L. H. Dabb's, Nos. 90 and 92 Federal street, Allegheny, as the demand for his pictures at present, though very large, will, during the holidays, preclude many from procuring the likeness which they desire. lawt.ja

Reflector Lantern.—The best and cheapest lantern that has ever been offered. Secure against explosion. Gives six times the light of any ordinary lantern. The light can be regulated without taking out the front. It is just the thing for oil refiners, rolling mills, livery stables, steamboats, farmers, etc. Call and examine them at Wm. N. Ogden & Co's 64 Market street. no25cod

[illegible]—[illegible] Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, [illegible] street.

Pittsburgh Sanitary Commission.

ROOMS, 59 Fourth Street.

In the following extracts of a letter written from Nashville, the writer speaks of the anxiety with which stores are looked for, and the joy they give the soldiers, even if they are not sick and suffering. The thought that many warm hearts and ready hands are busy in devising ways and means for their comfort adds much to their happiness:

DEAR ——: I received yesterday the envoice of goods sent to me, by the steamer Starlight. There was a general rejoicing when I reported to the ladies, who cook the delicacies for the hospitals, that the galatine and flavoring extracts had started. Immediately I was called on to make a promise that I would report again as soon as they came to hand, which I readily agreed to. I packed a box for Capt. Root, of the 24th Wisconsin, three weeks ago, which he undertook to take with him to Chattanooga. He succeeded, although he wrote to his brother-in-law "that it was a perfect Chickamauga fight all the way through." He selected a box of the medical stores and sent them to the Surgeon, much to his delight. The balance he distributed to the boys of the regiment, to those who had not had for months but one shirt and one pair of socks he gave the clothing. Also, the dried fruit and soap he distributed among those who most needed them. They offered him pay, but when told that there was nothing to pay, they could not express their thanks and gratitude, and it would have drawn tears from your eyes could you have seen the satisfaction and thankfulness with which they were received.

The following donations have been received for two months, commencing September 28th and ending November 28th:

Soldiers' Aid Society of Harlensburg, 2 boxes.
Mrs. James Hutchinson, 40 pounds corn starch, 48 pounds farina.
Mrs. Ebbert, 8 pounds corn starch, 8 pounds farina, 1 package papers.
Mrs. W. Dilworth, 6 cans tomatoes, 6 cans peaches, 6 glasses jelly, 1 package old muslin.
Mrs. Kidd, 1 sack berries, 1½ bushel onions.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Fairview Church, 82 bandages.
Sharpsville Aid Society, 7 barrels; 1 box, 1 keg.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Uniontown, 3 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Clarion, 2 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of New Brighton, 10 bxs.
Soldiers' Aid Society of White Oak Springs, 1 box.
Allegheny Ladies' Aid Society, 7 boxes, 1 keg, 1 half barrel, 2 packages papers.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Richland, Hampton and Pine townships, 1 ferkin, 8 boxes, 4 barrels, 14 dozen eggs.
Mrs. Henry Snively, 12 cans fruit.
Soldiers' Aid Society of White township, 2 boxes, 1 barrel.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Indiana borough, 1 box.
McKeesport Relief Association 1 box, 1 quilt.
A Friend, 6 cans peaches, 12 bottles catsup.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Frey Chapel, 2 boxes.
Ladies' Aid Society of Cherry Hill, 6 boxes, 2 barrels, 1 keg.
Citizens of Enbenton, 2 boxes.
Ladies' Aid of Jefferson township, 1 box.
South Shenango, Crawford county, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Brownsville, 5 boxes.
J. P. Robinson, Minersville, 1 bottle grape wine.
Mrs. B. B. Campbell, 1 keg pickles.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Rockdale, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society, of Sharen, 7 boxes, 1 barrel.
Miss Lizzie B., 4 cans fruit.
Mrs. N. Hubley, 24 handkerchiefs.
Robert Hamilton, Boydstown, 4 towels, 1 pair socks, 1½ bushels peaches.
Mrs. Dr. Sellers, 1 barrel potatoes, 1 bag beets.
Wade and Bob Hampton, 1 barrel potatoes and Onions.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Webster, 2 boxes.
Mrs. Lowry Childs, 4 pounds corn starch, 3 do Farina, 5 pairs drawers, 1 package rice, 3 bottles catsup, 2 do wine.
Ladies' Aid Society of Leechburg, 2 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of West Greenville, 2 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Kittanning, 3 boxes.
Mrs. Henry Snively, 2 cans fruit, 2 dozen bandages.
Mrs. D. C. Kemerer, 1 shirt.
Mrs. Major Wade, 10 testaments.
Mrs. George Black, 6 cans peaches, 1 do currant jelly.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Connellsville, 4 barrels.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Marion, 3 boxes.
Episcopal Ladies' Aid Society, 1 bag, 4 jars fruit, 9 cans fruit.
New Salem Relief Association, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Pulaski, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid society of Elderton, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society, of Sewickleyville, 1 box, 1 barrel.
Miss Maria Way, 1 firkin pickles.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Jacksonville, 1 box.
Miss Jennie Stewart, 1 housewife.
Miss Satia Stewart, 1 housewife.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Espyville, 1 box.
Miss David Holmes, 5 jars fruit, 1 bottle fruit.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Mercer, 3 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Seiocto, 3 boxes.
Mrs. John Ogden, 12 cans fruit, 7 housewives, 2 pairs drawers, 1 bag dried peaches, 1 do blackberries, 6 magazines, 12 packages papers.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Bowling Spring, 1 box.
Mrs. C. B. Williams, 5 jars pickles, 1 roll butter.
Ladies' Aid Society of Noblestown, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Delaware township, 2 boxes, 2 barrels.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Fairview, 1 box.
Ladies' Aid Society of Jamestown, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Salisbury, 3 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Mt. Jackson, 2 boxes.
Ladies' Aid Society of Bridgeport, 1 box.
Mrs. Barnes, 1½ peck dried apples, 1 package dried grapes, 1 do pears, 1 can fruit, 1 pair socks.
Ladies' Aid Society of East Liverpool, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of West Newton, 2 boxes.
Soldiers' Aid Society of Beulah, 1 box.
The Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of New Vernon, 2 boxes, 2 kegs.
Mrs. Robert Sellers, 6 bottles wine.
Soldiers' Aid Society of First Presbyterian Church, 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid Society of New Wilmington, 1 box.
Soldiers' Friend, Porterfield, 1 box, 4 barrels.
Plumville Sanitary Committee, 1 box.
Mrs. C. A. Carpenter, 4 cans peaches.
Federal Springs Relief Association, 1 box.
Swissvale School, 4 barrels.
Fanny B. Haven, sage for the soldiers.
Ladies' Aid Society of Rochester, 1 box.
Mrs. L. Irish, 12 pillows, 12 pillow cases, 2 cans spiced peaches.
A Gentleman, 2 bottles wine, 2 do brandy, 6 boxes pills.
Benj. Singerly, 1 box Hostetter's Bitters, (1 dozen bottles.)
Bethel Lawrence County Aid Society, 3 boxes, 4 barrels.
W. H. Clark, Esq., 1 barrel Blackberry Brandy.
B. A. Fahnestock & Co., 52 dozen bottles extracts, 96 pounds gelatin.
Mrs. Moses Chess, 10 gallons gooseberry wine, 20 cans fruit, 2 barrels vegetables.

Archibald Stewart	$200 00
J. W. Paull	25 00
Collected by Dr. Wilson	7 00
Robert Hamilton, Boydstown	1 85
Mrs. Kidd	2 00
A Friend	5 00
Capt. Robet Bears	10 00
Capt. Wm. Dean	25 00
Treasurer of Battery A, for one-third of dividend due bank	108 33
J. G. McFarlane; Wilkinsburg	10 00
Mrs. Eliza Shields, Sewickleyville	50 00
Miller and Staff	28 00
Miss Emma Marshall	20 00
A Lady, in specie	5 00
James Millenger	1 60
Miss Sallie F. Murdock, East Liberty	5 00
Gas Company	108 33
A Gentleman	20 00
United Presbyterian Church, Dayton, Armstrong county	24 65
Central Presbyterian Church, part of Thanksgiving collection	6 25
United Presbyterian Church, Kittanning	37 10
Harmony Society of Economy, Thanksgiving offering	100 00
Old School Presbyterian Church, Rural Village, Thanksgiving collection	18 00
Diciples Church, Braddock's Fields, per Mr. Isaac Mill, Thanksgiving collection	13 35
Chirst M. E. Church, Pittsburgh, part of Thanksgiving collection	100 00

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Mr. Miles and his trained horse "Hiawatha" were greeted last night by a large house, and the performances appeared to give great satisfaction. Mr. M. has succeeded in educating his horses to a remarkable degree of perfection, and the performances of "Hiawatha" are wonderful. An excellent bill is presented for performance this evening.

The Property of the late James Logan, at Logan's Station, near Baden, twenty miles from Pittsburgh, will be sold without reserve by A. Leggett, Auctioneer, on the premises, on Wednesday, Dec. 2, at 10 o'clock. There are twelve acres of well-improved land, with a good house of nine rooms. no29

Oil Stock at Auction.—We notice that the stock of the *celebrated Columbia Oil Company* has been introduced into the stock market. We noticed this company's oil products yesterday, and it seems to be a paying institution. Those interested will attend the sale.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

JONES HOUSE,

Corner Market street and Market Square,
HARRISBURG, PA.

Acknowledged a First Class House.

The new Proprietor would most respectfully say, to the Western patrons of the House, that after a residence of several years in Baltimore, he has returned to his native State and located at the JONES HOUSE, where he hopes, with the assistance of Mr. WM. REED, as book keeper, who is well and favorably known to the patrons of the House—and having acquired considerable reputation as "Mine Host," to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their company. He would also say that the house is located far enough from the Depot to avoid the noise and confusion incident to railroad stations, and at the same time only a few minutes walk from the same.

The old line of Omnibuses run regularly to and from the house upon the arrival and departure of trains.
no2ke-o-d-1m C. H. MANN. Proprietor.

WILLIAM SCHUCHMAN'S

LITHOGRAPHY AND PRINTING ROOMS,

Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth str

(BREWER'S BLOCK,)
oc2ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.—In accordance with a Circular from the War Department, of the Provost Marshal General's office, Washington, D. C., a bounty and premium of three hundred and two dollars is offered to each recruit. And for those who have been in the U. S. service not less than nine months $402 $75 of which will be paid on being mustered into the service.

Those who wish to benefit by this chance, will do well by calling at No. 76 FIFTH street, third story.
L. B. RICHARD,
1st Lieutenant and Recruiting Officer.
no7im-e-o-d

Bishop Simpson in Philadelphia.

The very pleasant ceremony of presenting a well-furnished mansion to the Rev. Matthew Simpson, bishop of the Methodist Church, took place at No. 1,807 Mount Vernon street, Philadelphia, on Thanksgiving evening. A Philadelphian thus describes the ceremony: The occasion was a happy gathering of the ladies and gentlemen who contributed to the gift, and who are efficient members of the church. Among the prominent individuals present we noticed Col. Alexander Cummings, Mr. Chas. Barrett, Mr. Thomas Price, Rev. Mr. Atwood, Rev. Mr. Neill, and Mr. William Stevenson.

The mansion is double, with side parlors, each illuminated with six light chandeliers, a hall and vestibule in the centre; extensive back buildings, fine library, sitting room, reception room, &c., the whole being warmed by means of improved patent heaters, and handsomely furnished in all its apartments.

The ceremonies of presentation commenced by the singing of a portion of a hymn, beginning as follows:

> "Blest be the tie that binds
> Our hearts in Christian love."

in which all the company joined harmoniously.

The Rev. James Neill addressed the Throne of Grace in a fervent and appropriate manner. These preliminaries having been gone through with, the

Rev. Thomas T. Tasker, Sr., advanced to the centre of the eastern parlor, and in a voice scarcely audible to us, said that he held in his hands the deed of the house in which we now are, and as the representative of the contributors, desired to present it to the Bishop, Matthew Simpson, of the Methodist church, as a home for himself and his family, wherein he might enjoy the society of the brethren in the Church in the city of Philadelphia. In thus making the presentation, he said that he was authorized to say that it came as a free will offering of those who have the good of the Church at heart.

The venerable speaker now proceeded at some length to speak of the vast extent of Philadelphia, its resources, its business generally, its prosperity, and its hospitalities, to all of which he heartily welcomed the recipient. As a city we have made much advancement, and we will yet achieve more, though now we can say with truth that we have a greater number of churches than any other city in the country, and we will yet have more. He heartily welcomed the Bishop to a city of kindness, wherein the glory of the Lord has been made manifest in various ways.

In conclusion, the speaker indulged the hope that a kind Providence would spare the life of the Bishop for many years to enjoy this home, and the friendly relations that exist in the Church in our city. He felt quite sure that the vast congregations at large, will be gratified to know that they have one among them to whom they could all look with confidence for kind ministrations. The Church, sir, opens wide its arms to embrace you, and, in future years, its members will look back to the present time and say, then, how good a thing it was that Bishop Simpson came to live among us in Philadelphia.

Bishop Simpson, after alluding to the emotions which he experienced incident to such an occasion, said he desired to express his thanks to Brother Tasker for his kind remarks, and to the friends present for the magnificent property given with such testimony of Christian kindness and affection. He has been led all his life by a kind Providence from one section of the country to another, and he would say that in coming here it was not because he was disabled elsewhere, for in all places the church had been kind to him. He took me when a boy, and with a firm reliance on Him, He has sustained me in manhood, no matter where I traveled.

While in the West, my thoughts were turned towards a home in the East, and the preference was given by my wife to Philadelphia. He knew this city had its many attractions, prominent in which was the fact that it is a city of brotherly love, and he had found that already. In accepting the property, he desired to return his thanks on behalf of his family, more for its members than for himself, for he had been, all his life, a kind of wanderer. He had chosen the life of a Methodist preacher. Here the reverend speaker alluded feelingly to the death-bed of his father, who called in a Methodist minister to administer to him, in his dying moments, the consolations of the Christian religion. Since he had entered on the duties of his calling he had visited many places, in distant parts, was exposed to many hardships and dangers, but the Lord has sustained him at all times.

He felt a great gratification in receiving this handsome present, for he knew well, now, that if he should travel again where he thought his duty to his God called him, he would have the heartfelt satisfaction of knowing that his family was in a comfortable home, surrounded by sisters, brothers, friends. He was born in the West; his partialities were in the West, but he had strong attachments for the East, and will remain here as my home, and do all in my power to advance the cause of the Church, with all the strength and knowledge which God in his mercy has given me. Brother Tasker has alluded to the enterprising spirit everywhere manifest in Philadelphia to do all for the kingdom of God. He hoped that God would bless us all, and pour out the spirit of his love upon all the people of this great city.

In conclusion he would say to his friends around him that he returned his most heartfelt thanks for this happy gift, of a comfortable home for himself and family, and he devoutly hoped that God, in his infinite mercy, would give every one present, and all the members of the Church, a home eternal in the Heavens, and pour out upon us the riches of His Holy Spirit.

The proceedings here concluded, and the Bishop, surrounded by the members of his family, placed the deeds of the property into the hands of his estimable wife.

The entire party then proceeded to another portion of the house, where they participated in a Thanksgiving supper. A happier or more cheerful sociality was nowhere to be found, last evening, in the widespread city of Philadelphia, than among the party that had thus assembled beneath the roof of the splendid building presented to Bishop Simpson.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMBOATS.

ARRIVED.		
Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.
DEPARTED.		
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were six feet three inches in the channel, and swelling. The present rise is from the Allegheny. The weather during the day was bitter cold.

THE splendid passenger steamer "Miami," Capt. Hamilton, leaves this day for Cincinnati. The boat belongs to the "Red, White and Blue Line," and tows no barges. Our attentive friend Capt. Bryson will be found in the office.

CAPTAIN DEVENNY has announced his fine packet Jennie Hubbs for Cincinnati. Captain Devenny is a large favorite among our shippers, whilst passengers speak in flattering terms of the way matters are managed on his boat.

The favorite steamer "Aurora," Captain John Dales, leaves to-day for Cairo and St. Louis. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of careful and experienced officers.

THE excellent steamer "Emma Graham," Captain Ayres, leaves to-day at 4 p. m., for Zanesville and intermediate ports on the Muskingum. The speed and accommodations of this boat are unsurpassed. We take pleasure in recommending the boat and officers. Mr. Hoge, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers are well cared for.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

Cincinnati.

Per steamer Jennie Hubbs—Clarke & Co, 1156 bbls flour, 30 bbls whisky, 105 csks bacon, 185 bgs wheat, 10 bgs feathers; S Lafreich. 2 bbls liquor; Hamer & Danber, 2 bbls varnish; Hubert & Siebert, 2 bbls aarnish; Chas Jeremy, 8 bbls soap steel; Jos Fleming, 1 skiff, 1 chest, 1 line; McWheeney & Hare, 1 bx leather; Hays & Stewart, 10 bdls leather; Hostetter & Smith, 100 bxs balsam and pain-killer; King & Pennock, 46 bales cotton; H Gepart, 5 pkgs liquor; Hadley & Rocherhouse, 11 pkgs furniture; Mail & Davidson, 28 doz hames; H Pemberton, 36 pkgs machinery; G H Diecher & Bro, 20 bbls whisky.

Zanesville.

Per Emma Graham.—Mr. Kalp, 24 oil bbls; Gates, 3 hhds tobacco; Fagely, 5 bags beans; Keiger, 7 sks beans and fruit; Wright, 18 sks beans and onions; Weigle, 8 sks beans and onions; Heigler, 7 sks beans and onions. Bandl, 2 hogs, 2 bxs, 2 bbls; L H Voight & Co, 78 bbls apples; Jacob Balding, 4 tubs cheese; B Young, 5 tubs cheese; C Yeager & Co, 5 bbls apples; W P Woodbridge, 100 oil bbls, Jas Moore, 1 bx, 1 bureau; R T Kennedy & Bro, 1 firkin apple jack, 1 keg cider; Robt Lee, 10 bbls apples; Jas P Tanner, 1 bbl apples; Wilson & McElroy, 16 bbls potatoes; J Guttendorf, 5 bx mdse, 21 bbls apples; G Graher, 5 bbls sorghum, 1 do vinegar, 13 sks barley; Lucesco Oil Co, 78 oil bbls, Park, McCurdy & Co, 2 bxs old copper; Mr Edgell, 420 bbls apples; John Ward, 5 do wheat and timothy seed; R R Lytles, 10 do apples; H W Lytles, 1 box butter, 1 do eggs, 1 bbl dry apples; J & S Crothers, 1 do sorghum; L H Voight, 8 sks rags; Cook, Pettit & Co, 14 bxs dry fruit; S H Lucas, 32 bbls apples; Atwell, Lee & Co, 1 doz brooms; Stein & Bro, 1 box mds; Adams Ex Co, 1 do poultry; H Williams, 100 bgs mill feed; Voightly & Kopp, 250 do do do; Jas Hocking, 2 pkgs; W J Donahoe, 4 bxs, 24 bbls onions; John Hall & Co, 14 sks wool; John Woods, 1 bx poultry; Wm Hunt, 12 pkgs household goods; J C Kirkpatrick & Co, 20 bbls oil, 1 bx glass ware; Fetzer & Armstrong, 1 bx butter, 1 box poultry, 21 bbls dry apples; G W Aoffstott, 1 roll leather; Cligg, 3 hhds tobacco; Mr Burris, 100 bbls apples, 21 do beef and pork, 5 do hams.

POTASSIUM TO PREVENT LEAD POISON.—A paragraph is going the rounds of the papers to the effect thar Doctor SCHWARTZ, of Breslau, Prussia, obviates the danger from using lead water pipes by passing through them a hot solution of potassium, which is said to convert the interior surface into a sulphite, and protects the water from the deleterious action of the lead. This statement cannot possibly be correct, as potassium always ignites in water instead of dissolving, and by no combination or decomposition would it transform the lead into a sulphite. Perhaps it is sulphate of potassa or the sulphide of potassium which the savan employs.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FOR additional commercial news see fourth page.

— The money market in New York yesterday was without important change, with a good business. Sterling dull and nominal. Gold unsettled and firmer—opening at 47, advancing to 49, declining to 47⅛, and closing at the latter rate. Stock firm, with good business doing.

New York Stock Market.

C & R I	102½	Reading	122½
M & P C	55	Mich C	124
P Ft W & C	83	M S	79½
C & N W	46	M S guaranteed	135
C & T	113	Ill Central scrip	118
G & C	107½	Erie	105¾
N Y Central	134¼	Quicksilver Com	68
Hudson	128	Tenn 6s	59½
Harlem	91¾	Cumb	36
Harlem pref	110	U S 7-30s	106½

— Everybody has heard of Colorado and most people know that its inhabitants were unsuccessfully knocking at the doors of Congress for admission to the Union during all the recent session, but comparatively few are aware of its vast mineral wealth. It is authoritatively stated that the actual amount of gold taken from the soil of Colorado during the year just gone by reaches the value of about six millions of dollars; and an agent of the Government who has just returned from an inspection of the mining operations, states that the mines now being worked will produce during the present year over twelve million dollars worth of gold. The mining is mostly in quartz, and the gold is taken out by heavy machinery. There are about thirty thousand inhabitants in the Territory, and the extraordinary prosperity it is enjoying is attracting both capital and emigration. The effects of the war are little felt out there, and such questions as rich leads, big strikes and contested claims, cause more excitement than the great battles of which they hear from the States. It is not a little gratifying to find that at a time when the British gold mines in Nova Scotia have proved of little practical value, our new gold mines in Colorado territory are giving evidence that they are more rich than had been supposed. From the silver mining territory of Nevada, still nearer to the setting sun than Colorado, we hear most wonderful accounts of mining prosperity; and the dozen great bars of silver which the generous people of the territory have sent as a contribution to the Army Sanitary Commission, indicate both their wealth and patriotism. The amount of gold which was received from California during last year, was nearly ten millions less than in 1861, and, if we do not capture or sink the Alabama, it will probably be very far short this year. But our supplies from Colorado, which will come over land, will probably make up the deficit. There will undoubtedly be a very large emigration to the territory from the Western States in the coming Spring.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL,
Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1863.

Business yesterday was only moderately active. The weather was cool and clear. We had a sharp frost on Sunday night. The Allegheny rose about a foot and was swelling; the present cool spell will no doubt put a stop to it. On the wharf we noticed a good deal of activity. The receipts of produce during the last forty-eight hours were large. The demand for the leading articles was steady; the prices, however, were unchanged. The sales that came under our notice were as follows:

HAY is scarce and in demand. The market was very firm. We note sales of 7 loads at the scales at $37@40.

APPLES—Our market is well supplied at this time, with a good local demand. Sales of 346 bbls at $2 50@2 75. The receipts by the river are steadily inrcasing.

FLOUR—We continue to notice a firm market, with a good local demand; especially for the better grades. The stock on hand is not large; the receipts were about equal to the demand. Among the sales were—

Extra—400 bbls at $5 80@6.
Extra Family—$7@7 25.

The market in the East was dull, and prices had declined a shade. We understand that some heavy lots are now on their way to this city by the river.

GRAIN—The market was firm and the demand was active. All good parcels offered found ready purchasers at full rates.

Wheat—Is selling from wagon and depot at the following rates: Red, $1 30@1 33; White, $1 38@1 40.

Corn—Steady; sales 700 bu at $1 20, and 500 do the terms of which were withheld.

Oats—Sales 650 bu at 75@76.

Barley—Very firm. It would readily command the outside quoted rates, viz: Spring, $1 35@1 38; Fall, $1 50@1 52.

Rye—Market firm. The last sale reported was at $1 25 ℔ bushel.

POTATOES—The market contains a good supply. We note regular sales at 75@85c, to the extent of 400 bushels.

SALT—Market firm, with a limited supply in first hands. Sales 130 bbls at $2 65@2 70 ℔ bbl.

CHEESE—Market firm, with a good demand. Sales 40 boxes W. R. at 13@13½c, and 50 boxes Hamburg at 14½c.

TURNIPS—The demand is increasing; sales of 50 bush from store at 80c ℔ bush.

BUTTER—The demand exceeds the supply; we note sales of 700 lbs fresh roll at 25@28c.

EGGS are scarce. The hens are holding off for higher figures. We note sales of 3 bbls at 25c ℔ dozen.

BEANS—The market was dull, with small sales at $2 50 ℔ bush.

WHISKY—Market firm, with a regular trade demand. We note regular sales 70@71c ℔ gal.

GROCERIES.—The market is very firm, with a fair demand for lots to meet the demands of the local trade. In some of the Eastern cities prices were drooping; the current rates were:

Sugar—Sales 12 hhds. Cuba at 13½@14; 15 hhds. Orleans at 14¼@14½; sales 14 bbls. Refined at 18@18¼.

Molasses—Sales 22 bbls. Orleans, old, at 64c; new, at 65c. Syrup—Sales 20 bbls. Lovering's, at 85c.

Coffee—Sales 44 sacks Rio at 34@35c.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Tuesday, Dec. 1.

The market yesterday was not very active; buyers seemed shy, and took hold very sparingly. As the Allegheny has risen some fourteen inches we expect an increase in the receipts in a short time. The Exports since our last were:

To New York—Refined, 412; Crude, 342; Tar, 102. To Philadelphia—Refined, 108; Crude, 637; Tar, 51 bbls. To Baltimore—Refined, 49; Crude, 296—Total, 2,992. Imports per Allegheny river—Refined, 185; Crude, 431. Per Allegheny Valley Railroad—Refined, 1,359; Crude, 239 bbls.

Crude—The stock on hand for sale at this time being limited, holders had the advantage. We note sales of 185 bbls, packages included, at 21c; 200 bbls on private terms; in bulk, holders were demanding 15½c.

Refined—Holders were inclined to ask a small advance. We note a sale of 200 bbls in bond at 32½c; others refused to sell unless at an advance on these rates. We heard one dealer ask 35c for bonded and 44@45c for free.

Philadelphia Petroleum Market.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28, 1863.

There has been a decided improvement in the Petroleum market since our last report, with more demand both from exporters and consumers, and for Crude prices at the close advanced 1c per gallon. The sales have been large, comprising 7,000 barrels Crude, part for coastwise shipment, at 23@24c; the latter figure being bid at the close; 8,000 bbls Refined, in bond, at 38c; 250 bbls do at 39c, and 600 bbls Refined at 47@50c; only in a small way at the latter rate. Residium has sold slowly at $5 75@6. There is very little demand for Naptha, and it is nominal at 22@23c for Refined, and 18c for Crude. A ship is loading for Falmouth and orders at 6s; a barque for Marseilles at 6s 6d; a barque for Havre at 6s 6d, and three schooners for coastwise ports.

Freights to London	6s 0d ℔ bbl.
Freights to Marseilles	6s 6d ℔ bbl.
Freights to Havre	6s 6d ℔ bbl.
Freights to Boston	70 cts ℔ bbl.
Freights to New York	45 cts ℔ bbl.

The following are the receipts of Crude and Refined Petroleum at this port during the past week:

Crude, barrels	4,750
Refined, barrels	5,300
Exp'd from Phila. since Jan. 1st	4,785,591 galls.
" " same time last year	2,448,524 galls.
Increase this year	2,336,067 "
Exp'd from U. S. since Jan. 1st	24,727,300 "
" " same time last year	9,638,920 "
Increase this year	15,088,480 "

Yours, very respectfully,
R. & C.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.

COTTON—Irregular, but 2@3c. better; 78@80c. for Middling Uplands.

FLOUR—5@10c. better; common grades very moderate; $7 35@7 40 for extra State, $7 45@7 55 for R. H. O., and $7 50@7 60 for Trade brands.

WHISKY—Quiet at 72@75c.

WHEAT—Western Wheat more active and closed higher; $1 41@1 43 for Milwaukee Club, $1 39@1 43 for Chicago Spring, $1 43@1 45 for Amber Mills, $1 54 for winter red Western, and $1 80 for white Michigan.

CORN—1c. better; mixed western $1 19@1 20 in store.

OATS—Better and in fair business at 89@90c.

WOOL—Western and State firm.

PETROLEUM—Quiet; Refined, in bond, 40@41c.

PORK—Opened active and closed firm at $16 50@16 62½ for old mess and $18@18 12½ for new.

BEEF—Quiet and steady.

LARD—Dull and unchanged.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

[BY INLAND TELEGRAPH.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1863

No News from the Army.

No intelligence respecting the Army of the Potomac has been received to-day at the army headquarters here up to 2 o'clock.

Cavalry Fight.

The *Star* of last evening says that yesterday morning our cavalry moved forward as far as Locust Grove, where they met the advance of the rebel cavalry. The latter were driven across Russell Creek or river, and afterwards Mill Run. A body of rebel infantry were posted between that point and Orange Court House. The whole rebel force moved off in the direction of the latter place.

Distances Between Points.

Locust Grove is four miles south of Germania Ford, in Orange County, and within a short distance of the wilderness, where Gen. Hooker fought his battle; Mill Run is two miles from Locust Grove, and thence to the mountain river where Gen. Early, with Ewell's Corps, is said to be in force, is said to be about six miles; Orange Court House is eight or ten miles farther, in a southwest direction.

Burnside Out of Danger.

Burnside is said to be out of all danger, as Longstreet has raised the siege of Knoxville, and is endeavoring to form a junction with Bragg.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1863.

Latest from the Army of the Potomac.

We have late advices to-night, from the army of the Potomac, up to yesterday noon, at which time a messenger left, reaching Rappahannock bridge this morning, after numerous escapes from guerrillas, whence he came on train to this city. Meade has been closely pressing Lee over since Thursday, at which time he crossed the Rapidan. The latter has been stubbornly falling back until he is now near Orange Court House.

On Friday there was very heavy skirmishing, with a great deal of artillery firing on our side, and but little on the part of the rebels, during the afternoon of that day. Lee made an attempt to turn our right flank, but was handsomely repulsed by Gen. French, who, although losing considerably in killed and wounded, took several hundred prisoners.

Lee seems to be manœuvreing for a position; but as we drive his pickets in he falls back from one range of hills to another, for which the country around Orange Court House is famous.

A Battle Probably in Progress.

Yesterday afternoon as a messenger left the Rapidan, he heard rapid and heavy firing in the direction of the two armies, and he is quite certain that a general engagement was precipitated. It continued increasing until night, and was of such a character as to render it something more than heavy skirmishing.

Condition of our Army.

Our army is in an excellent position and in good spirits. The roads are not very good, but they do not seriously impede its progress.

Deserters and prisoners say that Jeff. Davis was with Lee on Friday, and were told of his aiding in command.

On Friday Lt. Col. Heissee, of the Seventy-second Pennsylvania, was killed in a skirmish, and the following of the same regiment wounded: Serg't Harvard, Co. H; Corporal Fanner, Co. I; H Burr, Co. D. The following were wounded in the 69th Pennsylvania: Lt. Taggart A. Burr, Co. B; J Gallagher, Co. K. They were in the Second corps, which lost fifty in a few hours' skirmish. A.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29, 1863.

No News from Meade's Army.

A special telegram from Washington, received to-night at 6 P. M., states that there has been no news from Meade's army since Saturday morning. The rebel guerrillas are operating all along the line of the Railroad in his rear. News is expected to-night, however, of a battle. From the arrangements made before Meade's advance it is believed that Lee's communication with Richmond has been cut off before this, and the first intelligence we have from Meade may be from another route than the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. There is great anxiety to hear of the result of this last advance. H.

From Gen. Meade's Army.

RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, Nov. 28—1 P. M.—The report made by Gen. Meade is highly encouraging and successful. A new base of supplies will be established in a few days, from which the army will operate with most damaging effect to the Confederacy.

We are having a heavy and disagreeable rain.

Rappahannock Station, Nov. 28, 7 p. m.—The army of the Potomac has finally severed its line of communication with Washington, and nothing has come through from it since yesterday morning. If there had been a general engagement yesterday the wounded would have been sent to the rear and conveyed to Washington by the railroad from this point. As no wounded men have been sent here, it is certain that no battle has been fought. The heavy cannonading yesterday was probably of no greater importance than artillery firing, which frequently makes a great deal of noise, doing but little execution. This morning the cannonading heard was fainter than yesterday, and the day has been perfectly quiet.

The rain ceased before dark, and it is probable that the quantity which fell to-day will not interfere with the movements of the army except for a few hours. In emancipating itself from Washington, the Army of the Potomac is in position to operate most disastrously against the rebels. Should it also emancipate the Union prisoners now enduring ages of misery in a single month, in Richmond, it will accomplish one of the greatest achievements performed by any army during the war.

Frauds Upon the Revenue Department.

CAIRO, Nov. 29.—Frauds upon the Revenue Department to a large amount, has been recently discovered at this place. Some parties implicated have been arrested. Maj. Devasse, Chief Clerk in one of the principal shipping houses here, and leading operator of the gang of smugglers, is supposed to be one of the guilty parties. He left here last Sunday, and has not been heard of since. The losses to the Government is already reported to be two hundred thousand.

There is rumors at Paducah, that Gen. Roddy, with 4,000 to 6,000 rebels, made his appearance recently, on the Tennessee river, below the East Port.

Great excitement prevailed at Columbus, Ky., yesterday, on account of Gen. Smith enforcing Gen. Hurlbut's conscription order. A large number were arrested for military purposes.

The steamer Nellie Moore, for Nashville, with Government stores, sunk on Friday, in the Ohio river, below Smithland.

From Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 28.—Captain Cox, mate and clerk of the steamer Duke were arrested here to-night, and will be tried by a military commission, charged with crossing the rebel Col. Hawkins and 300 of his men from the north to the south side of the Cumberland river, near Fort Donelson.

Col. Langdon of the First Ohio, severely wounded in the late fight, will not recover.

Col. Long encountered a portion of Wheeler's cavalry at Cleveland yesterday, and after a severe fight the rebels were routed. The loss is not stated.

There was a heavy rain last night, and the Cumberland river is rising rapidly, with nine feet water on the shoals.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—The condition of the President, who has been confined to his chamber for several days, seemed so much improved to-day as to promise an early recovery. There is nothing in the symptoms of his ailment to excite the fears of his friends.

A corps of competent engineers has, by direction of the Secretary of the Navy, made a thorough examination of the iron-clad Sangamon, lying at the Washington Navy Yard, and pronounced her in all respects sea-worthy.

Longstreet En Route to Join Bragg.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.—There has been no fighting at the front to-day. The enemy has concentrated below and near Dalton, with the view of making a stand. Our lines are beyond Ringold. An order from Gen. Bragg recalled Longstreet from before Knoxville, on the 26th. He is now endeavoring to join that chieftain near Dalton, by a circuitous route. The situation from Knoxville to Bridgeport, is all that can be desired.

Supplies for Union Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—The Sanitary Commission has to-day dispatched from Baltimore another large invoice of clothing and supplies for the Union prisoners in Richmond. They have advices of the distribution of their previous contributions by the rebel authorities. Additional supplies will be forwarded as soon as evidence is received of the proper distribution of what has already been forwarded.

Volunteering in New York City.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—From returns received at the Assistant Provost Marshal General's Office, it appears that the number of soldiers enlisted in this city, under the new call for volunteers, during the past week has been about 800. As the recruiting business was not fairly in operation till Monday last, this is considered very encouraging, as the result for the first week.

The Steamer Morning Star Seized.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Yesterday morning the Deputy Marshal seized the steamer Morning Star, previous to her sailing for New Orleans, and attached sixty hogsheads of supposed pork, but which contained whisky, and it is alleged for the Southern army. The owners agreed to bond the vessel for return of cargo in the amount of $30,000. The Marshal then permitted her to proceed on her voyage.

Latest News from Knoxville.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—The latest news from Knoxville is to Wednesday. The north part of the town has been burned, including the railroad depot. Burnside was still cheerful and confident.

Heavy Skirmishing in Front.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The Army of the Potomac advanced at six o'clock on the morning of the 27th from Germania, Culpepper and Jacob's Ford, and formed in line of battle, the centre resting on the Fredericksburg turnpike, near Robertson's tavern. The next advanced along the plankroad, forming a curve towards Gordonsville and the west, terminating near the Rapidan, southwest of Jacob's Ford. As the centre advanced it came upon the enemy's pickets and skirmished. Subsequently the enemy's line was strengthened by the arrival of reinforcements from Ewell's Corps. About one o'clock cannonading commenced on the road leading towards Orange C. H., and considerable firing between the skirmishers. The enemy does not reply with artillery.

At four o'clock it was announced that Hill's corps, which had previously rested on the Rapidan, west of the Railroad, was approaching our centre, and half an hour later heavy musketry firing was heard on the right, showing that the Third corps, forming that wing, was engaged. Our casualties in the centre were few, the only officer of rank at that time known to be killed, is Lieutenant Colonel Hesse, of the Seventy-Second Pennsylvania. The battle ground is in the wilderness, with but little open country, consequently an accurate description of our position cannot be given, but it will be perceived that we have the enemy's fortified position on the heights skirting the Rapidan, on our right, and can compel them to give battle if they intend to fight, on ground less unfavorable to us.

Jeff Davis owing to the unfavorable weather of Wednesday, did not review the rebel army as he intended, and he is said by prisoners to have returned to Richmond on Thursday.

Gen. Gregg's cavalry and batteries had a severe fight with the enemy's right wing of cavalry. On Thursday afternoon we drove them back upon their infantry lines, when we were compelled to fall back with a loss said to be about two hundred and fifty killed. The 5th corps coming up, the enemy was in turn compelled to retreat. We had about 60 wounded in the Second corps, five killed and seven mortally wounded. On the right, Gen. French, with the Third corps, when advancing, encountered Ewell's corps before he connected with the centre, and after a severe fight held his position, but lost heavily; he, however, captured 900 rebels.

The 6th corps was then thrown forward and filled the gap between the center and the right. The 5th corps advancing on the plank road was attacked on the flank by rebel cavalry, who destroyed 15 or 20 wagons, killed 2 men and several mules.

On Friday morning it was found that the rebels had fallen back from our center to within 2 miles of Orange Court House. The above intelligence is up to Friday evening, and was brought to Washington by a special messenger, who came near being captured by guerillas.

The additional information which has also come to hand to-night through another source, states that the line was formed on Friday about noon, on the road leading to Orange Court House. Gen. Gregg's cavalry, on the left, had a severe fight with rebel cavalry, and drove them back upon their infantry, and then fell back himself upon the Fifth corps, who in turn drove the rebel infantry back, and took position on the left wing.

Warren's Second Corps in the turnpike drove the rebel skirmishers beyond Robertson's tavern and formed the centre of right wing. Gen. Prince's division, consisting of Third Corps, met a heavy body of Ewell's Corps and fought them several hours until the remainder of the corps came up. The Sixth and Third Corps, particularly Gen. Prince's division, lost heavy; which is estimated at five hundred killed and wounded and many prisoners, but severely punished the enemy in killed and wounded, and took, as General French reports, nine hundred prisoners.

Our forces in the centre had no severe fighting, and consequently our loss there was small excepting in Gen. Gregg's cavalry division. It was discovered that the enemy's center had fallen back their skirmishers in the woods being a mile or so nearer Orange Court House.

A heavy rain it was thought would hinder any heavy offensive field operations on the Rapidan.

It was reported that Kilpatrick's cavalry division, under Gen. Custar, attempted to cross under the enemy's batteries at Raccoon Ford, on Friday, but were driven back. Heavy guns were heard there all the afternoon tending to to confirm the truth of the report.

The enemy showed no artillery on our front on Friday, and we but very little, owing to the densely wooded and nearly level character of the ground. It is known that there was very heavy skirmishing on the turnpike at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, but no particulars have been received.

The Steamer Silver Wave Sunk.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—The steamer Silver Wave, from St. Louis to Nashville, with a full cargo of Government stores and about one hundred horses, sunk yesterday morning, about twenty-five miles above Cairo. It is thought she cannot be rasied.

The weather has been very cold here since yesterday morning. The thermometer ranging from ten to fifteen degrees below freezing point. Ice begins to appear on the river.

FOR THE FALL OF 1863.

200,000 APPLE TREES,

Extra fine, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years old, including all he old leading varieties, and many new ones.

Also, a very large stock of PEAR, (standard and dwarf,) CHERRY, PEACH, PLUM, EVERGREEN, SHADE and ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, GRAPE VINES, SHRUBS, GREENHOUSE PLANTS, &c., &c., wholesale and retail at very reasonable prices.

JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.,
se22:tf Pittsburgh and Oakland Nurseries.

REMOVED.—On MONDAY the 21st inst. the office of the "EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS CO.," Will be removed to No. 410 PENN street, where calls for Omnibuses or Carriages may be left for all trains going East or West.
sel9:tf JAMES DAIN & CO.

VIERHELLER'S

OYSTER DEPOT.

Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail.

NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
Under Miner's Bookstore.
oct30 H. VIERHELLER.

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,

(Successor to T. J. Craig,)
MANUFACTURERS AND DEADERS IN
Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.
ALSO,
Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers.

TOILET WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
FIRE IRONS, COAL VASES,
FANCY COAL RODS,
BIRD CAGES, &c.
And HOVEY'S PATENT HAME TUG.
oc17

J. B. M'FADDEN & CO.,

95 Market street,

Have just received an elegant addition to their stock of

FINE WATCHES,

Diamonds.
Jewelry,
Silverware and
Fancy Goods

Anticipating an increase trade for the coming Holidays, we are making our arrangements accordingly, and we will be in daily receipt of GOODS suitable for the season. We would invite an examination of our Stock. no5:2m

GEORGE E. SHAW,

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CARBON OIL HYDROMETER,

DISTILLER'S THERMOMETERS,

SACCHAROMETERS, &c

IMPORTER OF

FINE FIELD GLASSES,

TELESCOPES, &c.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES

MADE TO FIT AND WARRANTED TO SUIT.

No. 58 FIFTH STREET,

Next door to Adams' Express Office.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

New Furnishing Goods for Gentlemen,

NOW RECEIVING AT

McCULLOCH'S, 81 Market Street.

EVERYTHING NEW AND DESIRABLE, and will be sold out at as low rates as the market will afford.

Call and examine the Goods. no25

CHAMPAGNE.—50 cases and 50 baskets Green Seal and Heidsick Champagne, in store and for sale by
no18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

N. E. RUM.—50 barrels on hand and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

PACKET STEAMERS.

"Red, White and Blue" Line.

THROUGH DIRECT FOR
Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Cincinnati.

WE TOW NO BARGES.

Comprising the new and elegant first class passenger steamers CRICKET No. 3, Black, master—Rice, clerk; CRICKET No. 4, Marsilliott, master—Gaylord, clerk; MIAMI, Hamilton, master—Bryson, clerk. The above named steamers leave positively as advertised.

Leaves TUESDAY, 1st, at 4 P. M.,

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER,

"MIAMI,"

HAMILTON, Master BRYSON, Clerk.

JOHN FLACK and
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
Agents.

CINCINNATI PACKETS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

ON TUESDAY, December 1st, at 4, P. M. The splendid passenger steamer JENNIE HUBBS, DEVENNY, master, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
dec1 Agents.

CAIRO AND MEMPHIS PACKETS.

For Cincinnati, Cairo and Memphis.

Will Leave Saturday, 5th inst., at 4 P. M.

The new and splendid sidewheel steamer

"DARLING,"

Capt. FRANK Y. BATCHELOR, G. L. JOHNSTON, Clerk, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
dec1 Agents.

EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS PACKETS.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

Tuesday, December 1st, at 4 P. M.

The splendid passenger steamer AURORA, JOHN DALES, Commander, will leave as announced above. For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
dec1 Agents.

FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 2, 10 A. M. The new and splendid passenger steamer PRIMA DONNA, A. M'GOWAN, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, or to
dec1 JOHN FLACK. Agent.

Pittsburgh and Zanesville Packet Line.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.

The splendid passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, MONROE AYRES, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday, at 4 P. M., and Zanesville every Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M. The new steamer JULIA, WM. COULSON, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Saturday, at 4 P. M., and Zanesville every Tuesday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent,
Pittsburgh.
H. S. PIERCE & CO., Agents,
no18 Zanesville, Ohio.

BENJ. F. BLOOD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

And Commissioner for the following States and Territories (appointed and commissioned by the several Governors thereof) to take Depositions, Acknowledgments of Deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein: the States of Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, California, Oregon, and the Territories of Nebraska, New Mexico and Washington. Also, Military Claims collected; Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., obtained.

Office, 89 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no2:3mos

GREAT IMPROVEMENT ON THE EYE SIGHT.

The Russian Pebble Spectacles.

DO YOU WANT YOUR EYE SIGHT improved? Try the RUSSIAN PEBBLES. They are warranted to STRENGTHEN and IMPROVE THE SIGHT—this fact has proved already to hundreds of people what was suffering from defective sight. They are IMPORTED DIRECT FROM RUSSIA, which can be seen at my office with satisfaction. Purchasers are entitled to be supplied in future if the first should fail, free of charge, with those which will always give satisfaction.

J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician,
39 FIFTH street, Bank Block.
☞ Beware of imposters and counterfeiters.
oc7

SAVE YOUR GAS BY USING

Gleason's Anti-Flickering, American and Imperial Gas Burners,

A sure saving of twenty-five per cent. The ANTI-FLICKERING is just the thing for the office.

Call and see them burn at the Gas Fitting and Plumbing establishment of

WELDON & KELLY.

no4 164 Wood street.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

NEW AND SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

AT

JAMES GOSLING'S,

No. 108 Market street.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
BONNETS, &c.

CALICOS,
GINGHAMS,
SILKS,
WORSTED, of all kinds,

FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS,

TWEEDS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
HOSIERY.

Also, a full and carefully selected stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

all of which he will sell at the

VERY LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

oc10

MEDICAL.

CHAS. H. SUPER,

DRUGGIST & PHARMACEUTIST,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

AND

FIRST CLASS TOILET ARTICLES,

CORNER PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

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F. X. DeROLETTE, M. D.

From the Medical Faculty of Paris, France, Ex Intern (Resident Physician) of HOTEL DIEU, CHARITY HOSPITALS, &c.

DATE OF DIPLOMA, 1828.

The following specialities attended:
1st. Diseases of the respiratory organs, as Bronchitis, Asthma, &c.
2d. Diseases peculiar to Ladies, result of debility, nervousness, neuralgia and sick headache, (hemierania) attended with complete success, &c.
3d. Diseases peculiar to old and young men.
OFFICE 51 GRANT ST., St. Nicholas Building.
se7

JUST RECEIVED—

A fresh supply of

DR. HUMPHREY'S

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

Also, a large and well selected stock of

FINE PERFUMERY,

POMADES, HAIR OIL,
COMBS, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.

A well selected stock of

Patent or Family Medicines,

FINE CIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS,
Phalon's New Perfume—Night-blooming Cereus—a most fragrant perfume.
And all other popular Perfumes, at

FULTON'S DRUG STORE,

no5 FIFTH STREET.

SPARKLING MOSELLE—50 cases in store and for sale by
no18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

MACKEREL—Large and medium, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, for sale by
no18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

The Daily Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

PHILADELPHIA COTTON MARKET.—Cotton—The market is unsettled, and 3@4c lower, with but little offering or selling; buyers generally are holding off for a further decline, and only about 250 bales have been disposed of at 80@88c for middling and good middling quality, cash, closing at 80c ℔ for the former.

CHICAGO HOG MARKET.—Receipts of live hogs, 25,631; cattle, 1,007.

The market for pork products is dull, and very little doing; city mess only selling on private terms. Lard dull, with sales of steamed at 11¼c. Hams steady at 8c; green, 8¾c Sweet pickled middles, 8½c. Short ribbed shoulders quiet at 8¾c for dry salted. Grease firm at 8¾a9c for yellow, in old packages, 0¾a½c do in new packages, and held still higher.

ST. LOUIS TOBACCO MARKET.—The market has been active for lower grades of leaf and lugs, as of other qualities there are none in market. The break for three days consists of 68 hhds, and prices ranged as follows; For sweepings at $1 05@1 40; for stems at $1 35@3 85; for scraps at $3 70; for factory lugs at $6 50@6 65; for planters' lugs at $7 40@9 80; for common shipping leaf at $10 60@14 50; for medium shipping leaf at $15@16 60; for good and fine shipping leaf at $20 75@21 50; for medium manufacturing leaf at $21 50.

PHILADELPHIA METAL MARKET.—Iron continues in demand at the advance, with further small sales at fully former rates. We quote Anthracite No. 1 at $42; No. 2 at $40, and No. 3 at $36@38, cash, and very little offering, most of the makers being sold up. Scotch Pig is scarce. The last sales were at $43 50 per ton. For manufactured the demand is good and prices looking up, the mills generally being full of orders for some time to come.

Lead is better, with little or no stock to operate in; 2,2000 pigs Galena sold to come here from New York at $9 67½ the 100 lbs., cash.

Copper is firm but quiet. Yellow Metal is better, sheets selling at 34c and bolts at 35c on time.

PHILADELPHIA GROCERY MARKET.—Coffee—The market is firm but very inactive, the stock being nearly all out of first hands, and the sales limited to 400@500 bags, in small lots, at 32@34c, for Rio, and 33@33½c for Laguayra, cash and 4 mos.

Molasses is quiet, the stock being about all out of first hands, and the sales are confined to small lots Cuba and New Orleans, at previous rates.

Sugars—There is little or no stock here to operate in, and the market has been very dull; a few small lots of Cuba only having found buyers at 12½@12¾c, and Porto Rico at 14½@14¾c, on time.

St. Louis Cotton, Hemp and Seed Market.

Hemp—The market dull. Prices continue firm. We quote the ranging prices as follows: Common undressed, 80@90c; fair do, 90a$1; prime do, $1a1 10; choice do, $1 10a1 20; prime dressed, $2a2 10; choice do, $2 10a2 25; hackled tow, $80a85c.

Lead—The demand has been good, and prices are firm. We quote soft Missouri and Galena at 9c.

Cotton has been active, and prices have ruled high, with sales of about 200 bales, and prices ranged high at 74, 75, 76, 78 and 76c. We quote prices of grades as follows: For ordinary, 65c; good do, 68a70c; do low middling, 72c; do middling, 74c; do good do, 76c; do middling fair, 80c.

Wool in New York.

The firmness on the part of holders of both Foreign and Domestic continues, especially fine qualities, and business in these is therefore confined to the immediate wants of manufacturers—the high rates and limited available stocks having a tendency to check operations. Of the medium and coarse qualities, suitable for carpet and army goods, there is a fair supply offering, and the demand is slightly increasing. California Wool is attracting more attention, notwithstanding the poor condition in which most of it comes forward, and the increasing demand for coarse fabrics, for the manufacture of which it is well adapted, renders it of much greater importance than formerly.

The sales include 150,000 lbs Domestic Fleece at 78@82½c; 100 bales super pulled at 73@80c; 300@400 California at 40@55c; as in quality; 250 bales Cape at 42½@45c; 300 do Mestiza, part at 33c; and 400 Douskoi, part to arrive, on terms we did not learn. A public sale of 4,000 bales Mediterranean is advertised to take place in Boston on the 3d proximo. We learn by late advices, that Cape Mestiza Wool was held higher in European markets. The public sales in London commenced on the 5th inst., and the prices realized indicated an advance of 1d per pound on Sydney and Fort Philip, and 1d to 1½d on New Sealand combing qualities. All other sorts sold at about previous prices.—*Price Current.*

Chicago Market.

Flour—The decline in gold and the dull advices from New York had a depressing effect upon the market; prices were nominally 10c ℔ bbl lower, with a downward tendency. Demand light, and but few sales transpired. The transactions were: Spring extras—130 bbls Clayton City, a very choice brand, at $6,50; 200 bbls Lockport Hydraulic, at Lockport, at $5,20; 100 bbls good Spring extra at $5,25; 50 bbls fair do at $5. Spring Supers—64 bbls Columbian at $4,25; 100 bbls Croton and 40 bbls Express at $4,50; 100 bbls (brand not named) at $4, all the above delivered. Received, 5,971 bbls. Shipped, 13,144 bbls.

Wheat—The market opened dull, and prices declined 1@1½c ℔ bush, owing to the decline in gold, with only a limited demand. The market closed firm on 'Change at the decline. Nothing doing in Winter Wheat. Sales were: No. 1 Spring—1,200 bush at $1 10; 2,000 bush at 1 09; 3,000 bush at $1 08¾; 5,800 bush at $1 08½; 800 bush at $1 08¼; 2,400 bush at $1 08. No. 2 Spring—4,000 bush at $1 05½; 12,000 bush at $1 05; 2,000 bush at $1 04¾; 14,000 bush at $1 04½; 10,000 bush at $1 04. Rejected Spring—400 bush at 98c—all the above in store. Received, 60,589 bush; Shipped, 29,150 bush.

Oats—The same causes noted under Wheat influenced the Corn market, and prices were nominally 3@4c ℔ bu. lower. The demand was light, and holders were not pressing sales. Sales were: No. 1, in Store—5,400 bu at 94c; 400 bu at 93½c; 800 bu at 93c. Rejected—800 bu at 92c. A boat-load of No. 1 Corn sold at $1 01, delivered at distillery.

Received..........60,589 bu.
Shipped..........16,600 bu.

Oats—The market opened with a strong disposition on the part of the holders to realize, and sales were pressed at a decline of 3c ℔ bu. from last outside quotation, with a good demand at the decline. Subsequently the market improved and the decline was nearly recovered—the market on 'Change closing firm at about ½@¾c below Wednesday's outside rate. The sales were: No. 1 in store—40,000 bu. mostly in round lots, at 63c; 3,000 bu. at 63½c; 15,000 bu. at 63½c; 7,000 bu. at 64c; 5,000 bu. at 64½c; 5,000 bu. at 64¾c; 12,000 bu. at 65c; 4,000 bu. at 65½c; 20,000 bu. at 65¼c. No. 2 in Store—1,200 bu. at 61c; 4,000 bu. at 62c; 1,200 bu. at 63c; 600 bu. at 63¼c; 600 bu. at 63½c.

Rye—Market unsettled, irregular and 1@2c lower, with only a limited demand, and holders are not pressing sales. Sales were: 800 bu No. 1 in store at $1 02; 800 bu do at $1 01½. No other sales in store transpired. 65 bags No. 1 on track sold at $1 05. Received, 1,407 bu.

Barley—Offerings were light, and the market was quiet and firm at unchanged prices. Prime bright samples are scarce and in good request from maltsters. Sales were: 1,200 bu No. 2 in store at $1 18; 400 bu do at $1 19. Sales, by sample, 48 bags choice at $1 30 ℔ bu; 400 bu prime at $1 28 ℔ bu delivered. Received, 5,080 bu.

SAW MILLS.

M'CLOY & BRO.,
MANCHESTER SAW MILL,
Dealers in all kinds of
Sawed Lumber, Palings, Decking, Lath, &c.
ALSO,
MANUFACTURERS OF NAIL KEGS,
Beaver street, near Sheffield, Manchester, Pa.
no19:1y

A. & D. L. PATTERSON,
MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,
Between Beaver street and Ohio river.
MANCHESTER, PA.
Orders for all kinds of Lumber for Building, Boat Siding, Deck Plank, Lath, Pailings, &c. sep7

JEWELRY.

HENRY KNOEBEL,
No. 35 Diamond alley,
Desires to inform his friends and patrons that he has just received from the East a large stock of fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Fancy Goods, suitable for the season. no18:lm

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY IN INSURANCE COMPANY.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 95 WATER street, Pittsburgh.
se10:ly P. A. MADERIA. Agent.

CITIZEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL REA, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.

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JAS. M. COOPER,
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J. CALDWELL, Jr.,
JOHN S. DILWORTH,
GEORGE BINGHAM.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh.
Office: No. 98 Water street, up stairs.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

DIRECTORS:
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WILLIAM MEANS,
JAMES WOODBURN
W. M. EDGAR,
R. WALLACE.
JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President.
H. E. DAVIS, Secretary. se19:6m

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Cash Capital..........$1,500,000

Charter Oak Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Cash Capital..........$300,000

These two old and popular Companies, having aggregate cash assets (including surplus funds) of three and a half million of dollars, continue to accept risks on Crude and Refined Petroleum, either in warehouses, on wharf or in transit, and refineries, on reasonable terms. Policies issued without delay, on application to the undersigned.
A. A. CARRIER & BRO., Agents,
No. 63 FOURTH street, Pittsburgh.
At office Real Estate Savings Institution.
no16:2m

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. cor. Wood and Fifth Streets, Second Floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire
On DWELLINGS, STORES, and OTHER BUILDINGS:
FURNITURE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, and STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE.
Insures MARINE and INLAND RISKS on
STEAMBOATS AND FREIGHT
At as LIBERAL RATES as are consistent with security.
Losses PROMPTLY ADJUSTED and PAID.

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SAML. P. SHRIVER,
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WM. VANKIRK,
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WM. PHILLIPS, Pres't.
JOHN WATT, Vice Pres't.
se7 WM. F. GARDNER, Sec'y.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, No. 37 Fifth street, Bank Block.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President,
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Capt. WM. DEAN,
R. L. McGREW,
ROBT. H. DAVIS.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Ro. C. LOOMIS, Agent,
No. 59 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
FOR THE
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
Assets, July 1st, 1863,..........$2,007,530 91.
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
Assets,..........$515,896 46.
SPRINGFIELD FIRE INS. CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
Assets,..........$407,079 30.
PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.,
OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Assets,..........$355,967 39.
POLICIES ISSUED
For either of the above Companies.
se7

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN
PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTER,
Paper Dealer and Stationer,
Corner Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Book Binding, of all Styles,
From the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.
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HARDWARE.

B. WOLF, Jr.,
Successor to Wolff & Lane,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE,
Corner of LIBERTY and ST. CLAIR streets,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

WM. STEINACHER,
DEALER IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,
se21:1y No. 56 Market st., Pittsburgh.

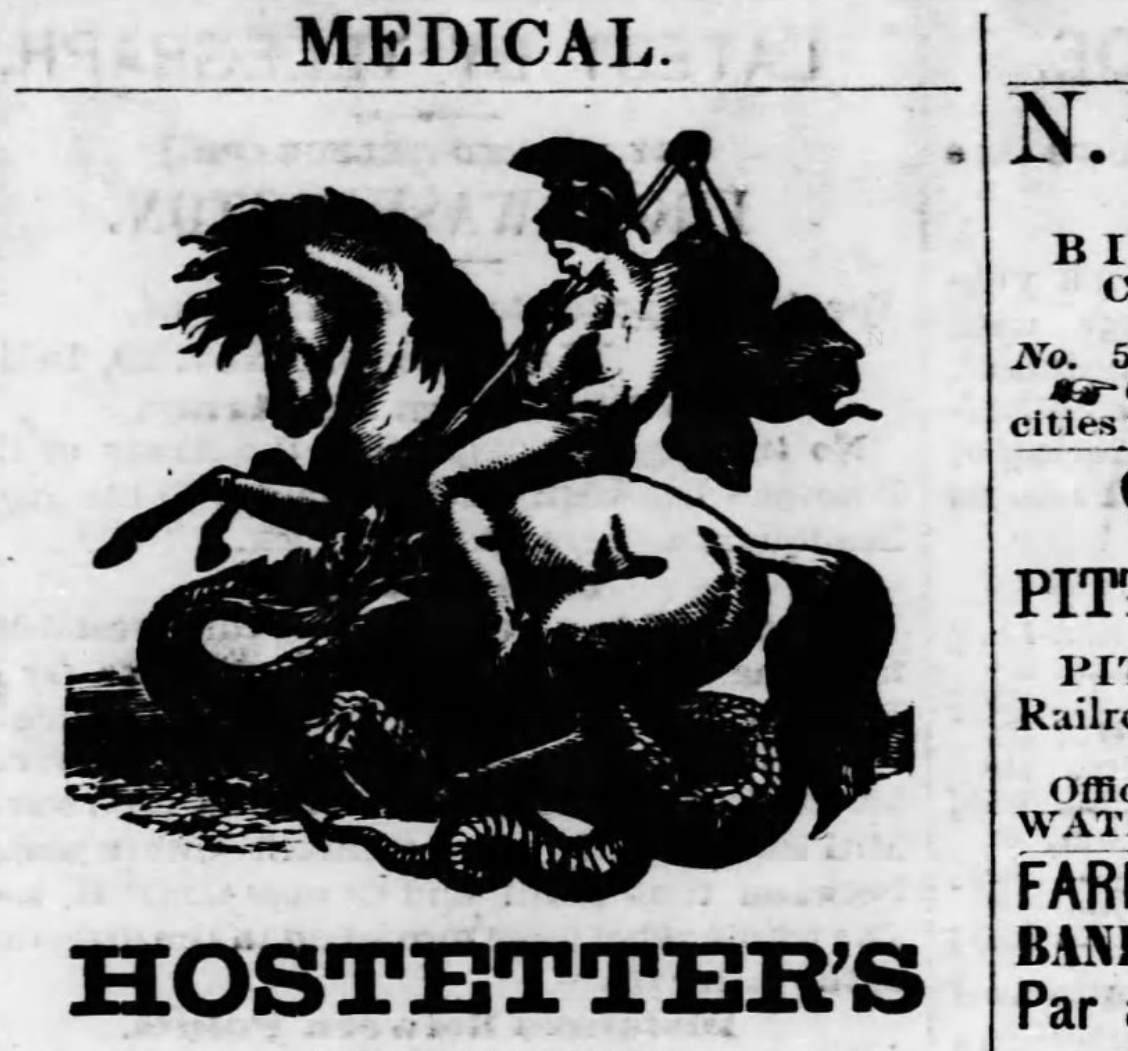
THE BANNER AND UNION
TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,
Nos. 31 St. Clair street, and 53 and 55 Hand street,
PITTSBURGH.
The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by
oc21:1y E. MEGRAW.

BREWERS.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY,
JOSHUA RHODES,
Brewer, Malster and Hop Dealer,
DUQUESNE WAY, BETWEEN IRWIN ST. AND ST. CLAIR STREET BRIDGE.
se9 PITTSBURGH.

SCARLET and Blue Opera Hoods, new Sacques and Circulars, at A. BATES, 21 Fifth street.

MEDICAL.



HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

HEAR THE WITNESSES.

WORTHLESS and pernicious articles are so often bolstered up in the advertising columns of the press by fabricated letters that the proprietors of

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

Rarely give quotations from their business correspondence, lest the GENUINE OPINIONS of those who use and appreciate a GENUINE ARTICLE, should be confounded by the unthinking with the FULSOME RIGMAROLE put into the mouths of MEN OF STRAW by unscrupulous empirics and charlatans, whose double object is to SELL both their trash and the PUBLIC.

Believing, however, that FACTS IMPORTANT TO THE HEALTH AND COMFORT OF THE PUBLIC, and which can be VERIFIED AT ANY MOMENT by addressing the parties who vouch for them, ought not to be hid under a bushel, the undersigned publish below a few communications of recent date, to which they invite the attention of the people, and at the same time ESPECIALLY REQUEST all readers who may feel interested in the subject to ADDRESS THE INDIVIDUALS THEMSELVES, and ascertain the correctness of the particulars.

It may be thought, perhaps, that a preparation like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which has long been a STANDARD TONIC throughout the WESTERN HEMISPHERE, and is rapidly becoming a staple of trade at the antipodes, speaks for itself in stronger tones than private eulogium can speak for it. This is true; but the phases of disease are almost innumerable, and every day new instances of the success of the Bitters, either as a PREVENTIVE or a CURE, come to the knowledge of the proprietors through the mails. Some of these are of immediate interest to thousands placed in precisely the same circumstances as the parties who have been PROTECTED and RELIEVED, and therefore it seems almost an act of duty to put them on record.

The immense increase in the sale of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, both at home and abroad, during the past year proves that the world, while it obeys the Scriptural injunction to "try all things," only "HOLDS FAST to that which is GOOD." Spurious preparations, like poisonous fungi, are continually springing up, but their character is soon discovered, and they are "flung like worthless weeds away." On the other hand, a great antidote that performs all it promises, and even more than its proprietors claimed for it on its introduction, is "not for a day, but for all time."

Every dose administered of a useless or deleterious nostrum helps to disabuse the public mind of the impressions it may have received from the flourish of trumpets with which the deceptious article was announced; while, on the contrary, every bottle sold of a purely valuable medicine secures the permanent custom of the purchaser, and makes him an ADVERTISER OF ITS MERITS among his friends. It is thus that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have obtained their unparalled popularity. The Press, indeed, has made the GREAT STOMACHIC widely known, but it is the uniformly successful results of PERSONAL EXPERIMENT that have rendered it a HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE throughout the length and breadth of the land, and the main reliance of the TRAVELER, the VOYAGER, the MINER and the PIONEER.

During the Summer months, a pure, wholesome tonic, in which are also incorporated the properties of an anti-bilious and mild aperient agent, is especially needed. Such a preparation is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the surest preventative and cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, and nervous debility, ever placed within the reach of the community.

Against the depressing and sickening tendency of heat and miasma, it is a potent safeguard, and upon persons of feeble constitution and uncertain health, its renovating effects are most extraordinary.

READ REV W. B. LEE'S LETTER,
BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 28, 1863.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen:*—I have used your Bitters during the last six weeks and feel it due to you and the public to express my hearty approval of their effect upon me. I never wrote a puff for any one, and I abhor everything that savors of quackery. But your Bitters are entirely removed from the level of the mere nostrums of the day, being parent alike to all, and exactly what they profess to be. They are not advertised to cure everything, but they are recommended to assist nature in the alleviation and the ultimate healing of the most common infirmities of the body, and this they will accomplish. I had been unwell for two months, as is usual with me during the Spring. I was bilious, and suffering from indigestion and a general disease of the mucous membrane, and though compelled to keep at work in the discharge of my professional duties, was very weak, of a yellow complexion, had no appetite and was much of the time confined to my bed. When I had been taking your bitters a week my vigor returned, the sallow complexion was all gone, I relished my food, and now I enjoy the duties of mental application, which so recently were so very irksome and burdensome to me, When I used your bitters I felt a change every day. These are facts. All inference must be made by each individual for himself.

Yours respectfully,
W. B. LEE,
Pastor of Green avenue Presbyterian Church.

READ E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH'S LETTER
PROSPECT COTTAGE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., April 2, 1863.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen:* It gives me pleasure to add my testimonial to those of others in favor of your excellent preparation. Several years of residence on the banks of a Southern river, and of close application to literary work, had so thoroughly exhausted my nervous system and undermined my health, that I had become a martyr to dyspepsia, and nervous headaches recurring at short intervals, and defying all known remedies in the Materia Medica, I had come to the conclusion that nothing but a total change of residence and pursuits would restore my health, when a friend recommended Hostetter's Bitters. I procured a bottle as an experiment. It required but one bottle to convince me that I had found at last the right combination of remedies. The relief afforded me has been complete. It is now some years since I first tried Hostetter's bitters, and it is but just to say that I have found the preparation all that it claims to be. It is a standard family cordial with us; and even as a stimulant we like it better than anything else; but we use it in all nervous, bilious and dyspeptic cases from fever down to toothache. If what I have now said will lead any dyspeptic or nervous invalid to a sure remedy, I shall have done some good.

I remain, gentlemen, respectfully yours,
E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH.

READ JOHN W. BRONOUGH'S LETTER.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Yards and Docks, Dec. 30, 1862.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Gentlemen: About four years since, my attention was called to your celebrated Stomach Bitters, I being at the time a perfect martyr to dyspepsia in all of its terrific forms; indeed, I had not known for six years an uninterrupted night's sleep. I commenced the use of your Bitters, taking them according to your directions, except that the dose was reduced to one-half, and found myself much, very much benefitted by the first bottle; the second relieved me entirely; but I have ever since taken a dose in the morning, immediately on rising, finding it act as a tonic and appetizer of the most agreeable character. There is a peculiarity in the effect of your Bitters on me, which it may be well to state. If from any cause, I shall be suffering never so acutely with the headache, a dose of your Bitters relieves me in fifteen minutes. In conclusion, I say with all sincerity and truth, I would not be returned to the state of health in which your Bitters found me, and from which they have unquestionably relieved me, for all the money in the world.

I am, with great respect, your obd't servant,
JOHN W. BRONOUGH, Chief Clerk.

READ SAMUEL BYER'S LETTER.
NEW CONVALESCENT CAMP,
Near Alexander, Va., May 24, 1863.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Dear Sirs:* Will you do me the favor to forward, by express, one-half dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with bill, for which I will remit you on receipt of the same, as I am unable to procure your medicine here; and if I had a quantity, it could be sold readily, as it is known to be the best preparation in use for diseases having their origin with a diseased stomach. I have used and sold hundreds of preparations, but your Bitters are superior to anything of the kind I am cognizant with. Indeed, no soldier should be without it, should he be ever so robust and healthy; for it is not only a Restorative, but a Preventative, for almost all diseases a soldier is subject to. I have been afflicted with chronic indigestion, and no medicine has ever afforded me the relief yours has; and I trust you will lose no time in sending the Bitters ordered. Yours respectfully,

SAMUEL BYERS, Hospt.

RENSSELAERVILLE, July 7, 1864.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen:*—Please send me some of your Bitters at your earliest convenience, as I have at present an extensive sale for them. I have no medicine of which I sell as much as your Bitters. I have kept them for two years last past. They have now begun to sell. They have performed some remarkable cures in Dyspepsia which have been of long standing, and from which they have acquired a reputation won by no other medicine in our market. I can send you certificates surpassing anything you ever published, if of any value to you, being anxious such a medicine should be introduced in every place. If persons were as well acquainted with it as I am, they would not be without it. Respectfully yours,

W. P. SWEET, Druggist,
Rensselaerville, Albany Co., N. Y.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, sold by all respectable Druggists in all parts of the world.
se9 HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Penn.

FINANCIAL.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
DEALERS IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT
BANK NOTES AND SPECIE,
No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
COLLECTIONS made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. se7

GOLD, SILVER.

PITTSBURGH & FORT WAYNE,
AND
PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND
Railroad Stocks, Bought at Highest Rates, by
JAMES O'CONNOR,
Office, Bagaley's Building, cor. MARKET and WATER streets. se7

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BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT,
Par and Current Funds Received on Deposit.

THE UNDERSIGNED STOCKHOLDERS are individually responsible to depositors to the whole extent of their private means:
JAMES MARSHALL,
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ROBERT BELL,
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JOHN FLOYD,
HAY WALKER,
WILLIAM YOUNG,
JACOB PAINTER,
WILLIAM CARR,
S. B. ROBISON,
THOMAS SCOTT,
JOSEPH LOVE,
D. A. STEWART,
D. R. GALWAY,
W. W. M'GREGOR,
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R. A. GEORGE, Cashier.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
Office: No. 63 Fourth street.
Deposits received DAILY, and every SATURDAY EVENING.
Interest paid at 6 per cent. per annum.

TRUSTEES:
ISAAC JONES, President.
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Wm. H. Smith,
W. B. Copeland,
Harvey Childs,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
C. G. Hussey,
Jacob Painter,
Nicholas Voeghtly.
no16:6m

GERMAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.
Corner of Sixth and Wood Sts.
BANK OF DISCOUNT, DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE.
REPRESENTED CAPITAL, $2,000,000.

Stockholders individually liable to the extent of their private means.
Gold, Silver and Currency bought at best market rates.
Drafts on Germany and other foreign countries, and on all the principal cities in the United States bought and sold.
Collections made on all accessable points and proceeds promptly remitted at current rates of exchange.
Deposits received and interest allowed upon time deposits as per agreement.
Banks, Bankers, Business Firms and others doing business with us will find their orders promptly executed, and their interest at all times carefully consulted.
Bank open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m.
GEO. A. ENDLY, Cashier.
A. HOEVELER, President. se21

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)
Capital, $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES LAUGHLIN,
ROBERT S. HAYS,
THOMAS BELL,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,
ALEX. SPEER,
F. O. BAILEY,
ALEX. BRADLEY,
SAMUEL REA,
WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres't.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cash'r.

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 110 SMITHFIELD street, (opposite the Custom House).
Chartered by the Legislature.

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VICE-PRESIDENTS,
WH. H. SMITH,
JOHN F. JENNINGS,
THOS. D. MESSLER,
THOS. S. BLAIR,
FRANCIS SELLERS,
HENRY LLOYD,
H. F. RUDD,
A. REINEMAN,
JOSHUA RHODES,
JACOB STUCKRATH,
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JAS. W. BAXTER,
C. ZUG,
JOS. DILWORTH,
W. A. REED,
R. C. SCHMERTZ,
C. W. RICKETSON,
S. H. HARTMAN,
R. J. ANDERSON,
D. E. McKINLEY,
C. H. WOLFF,
R. D. COCHRAN,
Wm. SMITH,
G. B. JONES,
B. F. JONES,
W. H. PHELPS,
C. B. HERRON,
W. IHMSEN,
D. E. McKINLEY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Open daily, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Also, TUESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of ONE DIME and upwards.

Dividends declared in December and June of each year.

Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bear interest, thus compounding it.

Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

This institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe, but bearing interest, instead of remaining unproductive. se7

COTTON FACTORIES.

KING & PENNOCK,
Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA
SHEETINGS,
COTTON YARN, TWINE, WICK, BATTING, &c. &c.
Warehouse, No. 29 WOOD Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA. se16

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.
se9

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F. SELLERS..........R. OWENS..........C. A. R. BENNEY.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
Curers of Extra Sugar Cured Hams,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL,
No. 354 Penn street,
Opposite Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Depot,
oc15:1m PITTSBURGH, Pa.

STEAM DENTAL ESTABLISHMENT. The Largest in the West is
Dr. G. W. SPENCER'S,
254 PENN STREET.
The place where you will get the best and cheapest Dentistry in the city. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the largest assortment of Teeth ever brought to the city of Pittsburgh, thus enabling patients to make their own selections. Remember, I make no Four or Five Dollar Sets of Teeth. I make nothing but the best ARTIFICIAL TEETH in the world, and at a price within the reach of everybody.
Every operation warranted comfortable and to render good service.
Teeth extracted without pain by the only known process.
Call at No. 254 PENN STREET, and select a set of Teeth that suit your taste, and have them mounted and warranted to please and give perfect satisfaction.
N. B.—A new Book of 150 pages, entitled the FAMILY GUIDE, on the Care and Preservation of the Teeth, by G. W. SPENCER, beautifully illustrated, is in press, and will shortly appear. Price, FIFTY CENTS.
FRANK CASE, Book and Periodical Depot,
se7 Chronicle Building, General Agent.

H. P. ADAMS & SON,
Oil Barrel Coopers,
SALEM, OHIO.
oc21:3m

CRYSTALLINE CANDLES.—1,000 Boxes of those beautiful and useful Candles for sale by R. C. & J. H. SAWYER.
oc13

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN FLACK,
STEAMBOAT AGENT,
Office second story No. 90 WATER street,
se9 Pittsburgh.

H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
No. 114 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh. [se8:1y

JAMES IRWIN,
Manufacturer of
OIL OF VITRIOL AND AQUA AMMONIA.
Orders left at John Porterfield and Co.'s office, corner of Market and First street, will receive prompt attention. se8

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND GRANT.
se9

ANDREW HUMBERT,
ALDERMAN
AND
POLICE MAGISTRATE,
No. 77 THIRD street,
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Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Indentures, Liens, and Articles of Agreement, accurately executed. se7

WM. PICKERSGILL & CO.,
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WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FANCY AND STAPLE
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The best and cheapest PHOTOGRAPHIC OIL PAINTINGS executed to order. se22:3m

SCHAUB & M'DONALD'S
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY,
ANDERSON street, near Hand street Bridge,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Frames, Venetian Blinds, Mouldings and Panel Shutters made to order and constantly on hand. [se30:1y

CHRIST. LAPPE,
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Corner of Chestnut and O'Hara streets,
se28:6m ALLEGHENY CITY.

PATTERSON'S BAZAAR
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.
W. S. JACKSON,
117 Fourth St., Near Smithfield,
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BROWN, MORROW & CO.,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters,
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J. REICHENBACH,
MANUFACTURER OF
ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
The lightest leg known weighs 4½ pounds,—mine is reduced to 2½ pounds.
I have always on hand a stock of
TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS
and all articles in my line.
Those in need of such articles should not forget to call at
No. 58 Fourth street,
se21:1y PITTSBURGH.

A. G. NEUBERT,
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ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
Also, all kinds of
Trusses, Supporters & Shoulder Braces
Machines for Deformities of every description made to order. TRUSSES carefully repaired.
Ladies attended by Mrs. NEUBERT.
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H. KLEBER & BRO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS,
CARHART & NEEDHAM'S
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
Music and Musical Merchandise of Every Description.
No. 53 FIFTH Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se7

DECKER'S PIANOS.—In speaking of Carl Anshutz's Concerts, in New York, the editor of the *Musical Review and World* makes the following remarks:

"The instruments used on this occasion were of a comparatively new firm, of the name of DECKER & BROTHERS, and gave very gratifying evidence of excellent workmanship, and powerful and brilliant tone. Decker's Pianos are undoubtedly the best manufactured now in this country."

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh,
J. M. HOFFMAN & BRO.,
oc31 No. 51 Fifth street.

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS.—Just received an elegant Rosewood 7 Octave PIANO, round corners, finished front and back, with handsome solid rosewood mouldings, carved music desk and pedal, &c., combining all the latest improvements.

A splendid large size 7 Octave Rosewood PIANO, round corners, serpentine mouldings, carved legs, Pedal and Music Desk; iron frame; overstrung Bass. Made by Hazelton Bros., New York.

Another of those charming instruments, 7 Octave, Rosewood case, elegant mouldings around the case, round corners, carved legs, pedals, &c., made by Jardine & Son, New York.

Two fine PIANOS, from the factory of W. P. Emerson, Boston. 7 Octave, round corners, carved legs, &c. First class Pianos at moderate prices. For sale by

CHAS. C. MELLOR,
no23 81 Wood street.

DRY GOODS.

J. A. WILSON....J. W. CARR....D. M'CANDLESS.
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.

JUST OPENING, OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK. Having completed our improvements, we would call the attention of our customers and the public, to our stock at the Old Stand, No. 96 MARKET STREET, between Fifth street and the Diamond.
oc8 H. J. LYNCH.

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M. MENTZER.
No. 94 Market street,
Has just received an elegant stock of the most
Improved Seasonable Dry Goods,
including
SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOS,
and all the most fashionable goods in the market. Also, a large supply of
DOMESTICS
and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
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EAGLE TANNERY.
CHARLES KIEFER,
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MANUFACTURER OF
Oak-Tanned Harness, Bridle, Skirting
and
SOLE LEATHER,
WAXED UPPER, KIPS AND CALF SKINS.
Also, keeps for sale Pink and Pad Skins prime article Goats' Hair, for Saddlers' use. The highest price paid for leather in the rough. Green Hides and Calf Skins.
Best quality TANNERS' OIL on hand.
oc29:6m

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H. REDENBACH & SONS,
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Pure Cider Vinegar,
No. 150 Ohio street,
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CHAMPAGNE BRANDY.—300 cases imported in glass, in store and for sale low by [no18] MILLER & RICKETSON.

RAILROADS.

1863 WINTER 1863
ARRANGEMENT.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16TH
PENNA. CENTRAL RAILROAD.
NINE DAILY TRAINS.

The THROUGH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station daily, (except Sunday) at 5:50 a. m., stopping at all stations between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and making direct connections for New York at Philadelphia.

The THROUGH MAIL TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station EVERY MORNING, (except Sunday) at 2:50 a. m., stopping only at principal stations, and making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York via. Philadelphia.

The THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily at 4:25 p. m., stopping only at the principal stations, making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York, via. Allentown route, at Philadelphia.

The FAST LINE leaves the Station DAILY (except Sunday) at 8:35 p. m., stopping only at principal stations, connecting at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and at Philadelphia for New York.

The JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION leaves DAILY, (except Sunday) at 3:00 p. m., stopping at all stations, and running as far as Conemaugh.

The FIRST ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for WALL'S STATION leaves DAILY, (except Sunday) at 6:30 a. m.

The SECOND ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for WALL'S STATION, leaves daily, (except Sunday) at 11:40 a. m.

The THIRD ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for WALL'S STATION leaves DAILY, (except Sunday) at 3:50 p. m.

The FOURTH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for WALL'S STATION leaves DAILY, (except Sunday) at 6:00 p. m.

The CHURCH TRAIN leaves Wall's Station EVERY SUNDAY at 9:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburg at 12:45 p. m.

Returning Trains Arrive in Pittsburgh as follows:

Baltimore Express 12:50 p. m.; Philadelphia Express 1:20 p. m.; Fast Line 1:30 a. m.; Through Mail Train 1:00 a. m.; Johnstown Accommodation 10:05 a. m.; First Wall's Station Accommodation 6:15 a. m.; Second Wall's Station Accommodation 8:35 a. m.; Third Wall's Station Accommodation 1:55 p. m.; Fourth Wall's Station Accommodation 6:05 p. m.; the Baltimore Express will arrive with the Philadelphia Express at 1:20 p. m. on Mondays.

Trains for Blairsville and Indiana connect at Blairsville Intersection with Through Accommodation, Johnstown Accommodation, and Express Train East, and with Baltimore Express and Johnstown Accommodation West.

Trains for Ebensburg connect at Cresson with Express Trains and Mail Train West, and with Through Accommodation and Express Train East.

The travelling public will find it greatly to their interest, in going East or West, to travel by the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, as the accommodations now offered cannot be surpassed by any other route. The road is ballasted with stone, and is entirely free from dust. We can promise SAFETY, SPEED and COMFORT to all who may favor this road with their patronage.

FARE:

To New York	$12 80	To Baltimore	$10 00
To Philadelphia	10 50	To Lancaster	8 80

Harrisburg, $7 65.

Baggage checked to all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and to Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Passengers purchasing tickets in the cars will be charged an excess, according to the distance traveled, in addition to the Station rates; except from the stations where the Company have no agents.

NOTICE.—In case of loss the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

N. B.—An Omnibus Line has been employed to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the Depot, at a charge not to exceed 25 cents for each Passenger and Baggage.

For Tickets apply to J. STEWART, Agent, at the Penna. RR. Passenger Station, on LIBERTY and GRANT Streets. no20

THOS. S. CLARKE....WM. THAW....CHAS. J. CLARKE
CLARKE & CO.
Office, foot of Liberty st.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
SPECIAL AGENTS FOR
PENNSYLVANIA RR. CO.,
FOR THROUGH FREIGHTS
TO AND FROM
All Points West of Pittsburgh.

1863 THE PITTSBURGH, 1863
FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.
TO ALL POINTS IN THE WEST,
SOUTHWEST AND NORTHWEST.
Shortest and Most Direct Route
TO THE WEST!
WINTER ARRANGEMENT

On and after November 16th, 1863, trains run as follows, viz:

WESTWARD THROUGH TRAINS:

	Express.	Express.
Leaves Pittsburgh at	1:45 a. m.	1:45 p. m.
do Allegheny at	1:55 a. m.	1:55 p. m.
Arrives at Alliance	5:40 a. m.	1:40 p. m.
do Crestline	10:30 a. m.	10:30 p. m.
do Ft. Wayne		
do Chicago	10:50 p. m.	11:00 a. m.

TO COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS:

	Fast Line.	Express
Leaves Crestline at	8:30 a. m.	8:40 p. m
Arrives at Columbus	10:45 p. m.	11:15 p. m.
do Cincinnati	3:50 p. m.	5:55 a. m.
do Indianap'lis	6:00 p. m.	6:00 a. m.
do Louisville	12:50 a. m.	12:40 p. m
do St. Louis	8:10 a. m.	7:45 p. m.

All trains through to Chicago without change of cars.

N. B.—The time to Cincinnati is the same as via. Steubenville. Trains on both roads meet at Columbus, and passengers all go into Cincinnati together.

	CRESTLINE Mail Train.	ALLIANCE Accom'n.
Leaves Pittsburgh at	7:00 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
do Allegheny at	7:10 a. m.	2:25 p. m.
do N. Brighton at	8:36 a. m.	4:15 p. m.
do Alliance at	11:10 a. m.	7:40 p. m.
do Crestline at	6:30 p. m.	

These trains stop at principal stations between Allegheny and Rochester.

N. BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAINS
From Federal Street Station, Allegheny.
Leave Allegheny at 9:15 a. m., 12:00 m., 4:30 p. m., and 5:40 p. m.
Arrive at New Brighton at 11:15 a. m., 1:45 p. m., 6:25 p. m. and 7:35 p. m.
EASTWARD.
Leave New Brighton at 5:30 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 12:20 p. m. and 2:50 p. m.
Arrive at Allegheny at 7:20 a. m., 8:40 a. m., 2:35 p. m. and 4:50 p. m.

Tickets good on these trains are sold at reduced rates.

EASTWARD TRAINS ARRIVE AT PITTSB'G.
Chicago Express..........2:20 a. m.
Chicago Express..........3:30 p. m.
Cincinnati Express..........7:50 p. m.
Crestline Mail..........7:00 p. m.

TRAINS FOR NEW CASTLE, MERCER AND OIL CITY.

	Mail Train.	Accom'n.
Leaves Pittsburgh at	7:00 a. m.	
do Allegheny at		4:30 p. m.
Arrive at N. Castle	10:40 a. m.	8:10 p. m.
EASTWARD.		
Leave New Castle	6:30 a. m.	3:00 p. m.
Arrive Pittsburgh		8:05 p. m.
do Allegheny	10:00 a. m.	

Trains run by Columbus time, which is 12 minutes slower than Pittsburgh time.

For further information and through tickets apply to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent, Union Passenger Station, Pittsburg, and A. Q. CASSELBERRY, Agent, Allegheny.
JOHN B. JERVIS, General Sup't,
H. R. PAYSON, Gen. Pass'r. Ag't.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
SUMMER TIME TABLE,
THREE TRAINS DAILY
TO AND FROM
BALTIMORE
AND
WASHINGTON CITY.

Connections made with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, to and from Pittsburgh and the West.

TWO TRAINS DAILY to and from the North and West Branch Susquehanna, Elmira, and all of Northern New York.

On and after MONDAY, April 20th, 1863, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and depart from Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows, viz:

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday)..........10.10 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg..........1.15 P. M.
" arrives at Baltimore..........5.35 P. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday)..........11.07 P. M.
" leaves Harrisburg (except Monday)..........2.00 A. M.
" arrives at Baltimore daily (except Monday)..........6.15 A. M.
HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Harrisburg..........6.30 A. M.

NORTHWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday)..........9.15 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg..........1.15 P. M.
" arrives at Sunbury..........4.05 P. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Baltimore daily..........9.15 P. M.
" arrives at Harrisburg..........1.35 A. M.
" leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday)..........5.00 A. M.
" arrives at Sunbury..........5.38 A. M.
HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday)..........2.55 P. M.
" arrives at Harrisburg..........7.30 P. M.

For further information apply at the Office, in Pennsylvania Railroad Depot.
oc31 J. N. DuBARRY, Gen. Supt.

COOPERAGE.
CHARLES SCHOEPFLIN,
Corner of East Lane and Third street,
ALLEGHENY
Is prepared to manufacture to order Ale, Oil Whisky and all other kinds of BARRELS, at reasonable rates.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Saturday, August 15th, 1863, Trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water Streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from U'ntown:	7:35 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express do do	3:40 p. m.	9:30 a. m.
1st M'Keesport Acc'd'n	11:00 a. m.	7:00 p. m.
2d do do	6:15 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
1st Port Perry do	7:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Braddock's do	4:15 p. m.	5:40 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from M'Keesport:	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets apply to GEO. BOULTON, Ag't.
se H. BLACKSONE, Supt.

1863. 1863. 1863.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—This great line traverses the Northern and Northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie.

It has been leased by the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, and under their auspices is being rapidly opened throughout its entire length.

It is now in use for Passenger and Freight business from Harrisburg to Emporium, (165 miles) in the Eastern Division, and from Sheffield to Erie, (78 miles) on the Western Division.

TIME OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT PHILADELPHIA.
Leave Westward.
Mail Train..........7.30 A. M.
Express Train..........10.30 P. M.

Cars run through without change both ways on these trains between Philadelphia and Lock Haven, and between Baltimore and Lock Haven.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on Express Trains both ways between Williamsport and Baltimore, and Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting Passenger business, apply at the Southeast corner Eleventh and Market streets.

And for Freight business of the Company's Agents:
S. B. KINGSTON, Jr., corner Thirteenth and Market streets, Philadelphia.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Erie.
J. M. DRILL, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.
H. H. HOUSTON,
General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
LEWIS L. HOUPT,
General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
JOS. D. POTTS,
no3:tf General Manager, Williamsport.

GLASSWARE.

PHILLIPS & BEST,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FLINT GLASS WARE,
Of all desciptions, Pressed, Cut and Plain,
Corner of TRY and SECOND streets,
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B. L. FAHNESTOCK....W. M. GRACE....R. C. ALBREE.
FAHNESTOCK, ALBREE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vials, Bottles and Window Glass
NO. 63 WATER STREET,
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Manufacturers of every variety of
Vials, Bottles and Window Glass,
Black Porter, Wine and Claret Bottles,
DEMIJOHNS & MINERAL WATER BOTTLES
Warehouses, No. 104 SECOND, and 133 and 135 FIRST Streets,
se16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN A. WOLFE...T. CAMPBELL...A. U. HOWARD.
WOLFE, HOWARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass and Glass Ware,
Warehouse: No. 4 Wood street,
no3:3m PITTSBURGH.

MARK W. WATSON..........J. M'M. KING
WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
Pittsburgh, Phœnix, Empire and Sligo
GLASS WORKS,
MANUFACTURE
Black Bottles,
VIALS, DEMIJOHNS,
Green Glassware and Window Glass,
14 and 16 Wood street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Particular attention paid to Private Moulds, and orders filled with promptness and dispatch.
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MITCHELL, HERRON & Co.
Manufacturers of
Stoves and Ranges
of every description;
Common and Fine Enameled Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.
MACHINERY CASTINGS.
Warehouse, No. 194 LIBERTY St., Pittsburgh
se11

A. BRADLEY,
Manufacturer of every variety of
Cook, Parlor, and Heating Stoves,
GRATE FRONTS, &c., &c.
Wishes to call particular attention to the celebrated DOUBLE TOP, GAS-CONSUMING,
COAL COOK STOVES.
(TROPIC, TALSMAN AND EUREKA.)
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BISSELL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves,
GRATE FRONTS,
Fenders, Cooking Ranges, &c.
We invite public attention to the celebrated
TRIUMPH STOVE,
for COAL, and the
BLACK OAK STOVE,
for WOOD. And to our large stock of
Grates, Fenders, &c.
WAREHOUSE: 235 LIBERTY street,
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FIRST PREMIUM
BLIND FACTORY.
G. P. WERTZ,
Manufacturer of
VENITIAN BLINDS,
REVOLVING AND STATIONARY SHUTTERS.
Cor. THIRD and MARKET Sts.,
Entrance on THIRD,
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S. K. RODGERS,
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Crape, Handles, Plates, Gloves, Coffins, Hearses and Carriages furnished on reasonable terms. Rooms open day and night. se8

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Undertaker,
No. 104 GRANT street, near Fifth,
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Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of Patent Metalic Burial Cases, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Covered Coffins, of all the latest and most improved styles.
Also, Shrouds and Crape, Gloves, and all articles pertaining to the business always on hand, of the best quality, and on the most reasonable terms.
The best Hearse and Carriages to be had in the city. oc17

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AGENT FOR
PLANER & KAYSER'S
Noiseless Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are WARRANTED, and sold at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se8:1y

SINGER & CO.'S Sewing Machines For sale at New York prices, by R. STRAW, No. 32 Market street, Pittsburgh.
Machines of various sizes constantly on hand. Also, Silk and Thread on Spools, Binding Guages of various kinds, and Needles. se7

WINDOW GLASS.—100 boxes assorted sizes Crystal Window Glass, received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON. [illegible]